Current monitoring relays CM-SRS.M2 For single-phase AC/DC currents

The CM-SRS.M2 is an electronic current monitoring relay that monitors single-phase mains (DC or AC) for over- and undercurrent from 0.3 A to 15 A.

This device is available with the proven screw connection technology (double-chamber cage connecting terminals).



Characteristics

- Monitoring of DC and AC currents (0.3 A to 15 A)
- TRMS measuring principle
- One device includes 3 measuring ranges
- Over- or undercurrent monitoring configurable
- Open- or closed-circuit principle configurable
- Latching function configurable
- Hysteresis adjustable (3-30 %)
- Precise adjustment by front-face operating controls
- Screw connection technology
- Housing material for highest fire protection classification UL 94 V-0
- Tool-free mounting on DIN rail as well as demounting
- Start-up delay T_S adjustable (0 s; 0.1-30 s)
- Tripping delay T_V adjustable (0 s; 0.1-30 s)
- 2 c/o (SPDT) contacts
- 22.5 mm (0.89 in) width
- 3 LEDs for status indication

Approvals / Marks



Classifcations:

EN 50155, IEC 60571, NF F 16-101/102, EN 45545-2

EN 50155, IEC 60571

					Vibration and shock acc to IEC/EN 61373	Coated pcb.
Class	S1	S2	C1	C2	acc to IEO/EN 010/0	
T3	•			-	Cat 1, Class B	no

NF F 16-101/1	EN 45545-2	
Flammability index	Opticity and toxicity of smoke index	Risk level achieved
12	F2	HL3

Order data

Current monitoring relays

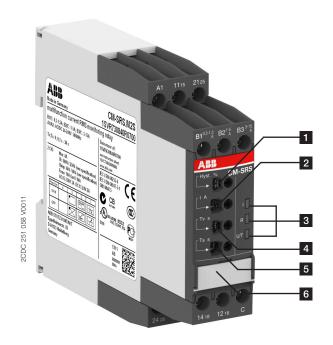
Туре	Rated control supply voltage	Connection technology	Measuring ranges	Order code
	24-240 V AC/DC	: 71	0.3-1.5 A, 1-5 A, 3-15 A	1SVR730840R0700

Accessories

Туре	Description	Order code
ADP.01	Adapter for screw mounting	1SVR430029R0100
MAR.12	Marker label for devices with DIP switches	1SVR730006R0000
COV.11	Sealable transparent cover	1SVR730005R0100

Functions

Operating controls



- 1 Adjustment of the hysteresis (MIN = Default)
- 2 Adjustment of the threshold value (MIN = Default)
- 3 Indication of operational states

U/T: green LED - control supply voltage/timing

R: yellow LED - relay status

I: red LED - over- / undercurrent

- 4 Adjustment of the tripping delay T_v
- 5 Adjustment of the start-up delay T_S
- 6 DIP switches (see DIP switch functions)

Application

The multifunctional current monitoring relay CM-SRS.M2 is designed for use in single-phase AC and/or DC systems for over- or undercurrent monitoring. The device operates over an universal range of supply voltages, provides an adjustable start-up as well as tripping delay and work according to the open- or closed-circuit principle.

Operating mode

The CM-SRS.M2 with 2 c/o (SPDT) contacts offers the following 3 selectable measuring ranges: 0.3-1.5 A, 1-5 A, 3-15 A. The measuring range is selected by connecting the monitored wire to the corresponding terminal B1/B2/B3-C.

The units are adjusted with front-face operating controls. The selection of over- \Box or undercurrent monitoring \Box , open- \Box or closed-circuit principle \Box and latching function ON \Box or OFF \Box is made with DIP switches. Potentiometers, with direct reading scale, allow the adjustment of the threshold value I, the hysteresis %, the tripping delay T_V and the start-up delay T_S . The hysteresis % is adjustable within a range of 3 to 30 % of the threshold value and the tripping delay T_V and the start-up delay T_S are adjustable over a range of instantaneous to a 30 s delay. Timing is displayed by a flashing green LED labelled U/T.

Function diagrams

Overcurrent monitoring without latching

Open-circuit principle open

The current to be monitored (measured value) is applied to terminals B1/B2/B3-C. When control supply voltage is applied to terminals A1-A2, the start-up delay T_S begins. The green LED flashes $\Pi\Pi\Pi\Pi$ during the start-up delay T_S and then turns steady. During the start-up delay T_S overcurrent is only displayed by glowing of the red LED.

If the measured value exceeds the adjusted threshold value, when T_S is complete, the tripping delay T_V starts and the red LED glows. Timing of T_V is displayed by the flashing Γ green LED. When T_V is complete and the measured value still exceeds the threshold value minus the adjusted hysteresis, the output relays energize and the yellow LED (relay energized) glows.

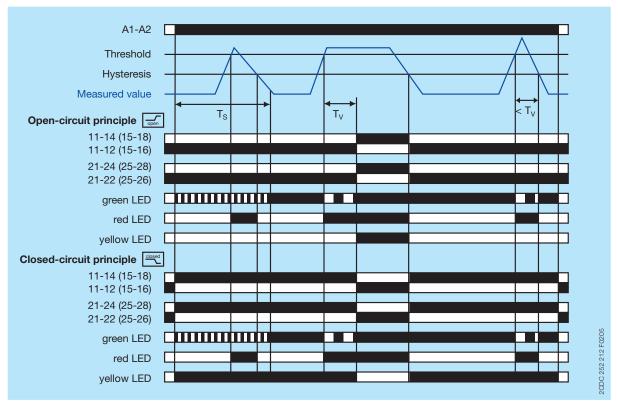
If the measured value decreases below the threshold value minus the hysteresis, the output relays de-energize and the red and yellow LEDs turn off. If control supply voltage is interrupted, the green LED turns off.

Closed-circuit principle

The current to be monitored (measured value) is applied to terminals B1/B2/B3-C. When control supply voltage is applied to terminals A1-A2, the start-up delay T_S begins, the output relays energize and the yellow LED (relays energized) glows. The green LED flashes $\Pi\Pi\Pi\Pi$ during the start-up delay T_S and then turns steady. During the start-up delay T_S overcurrent is only displayed by glowing of the red LED.

If the measured value exceeds the adjusted threshold value, when T_S is complete, the tripping delay T_V starts and the red LED glows. Timing of T_V is displayed by the flashing Π green LED. When T_V is complete and the measured value still exceeds the threshold value minus the adjusted hysteresis, the output relays de-energize and the yellow LED turns off.

If the measured value decreases below the threshold value minus the hysteresis, the output relays re-energize, the yellow LED glows and the red LED turns off. If control supply voltage is interrupted, the output relays de-energize and the green and yellow LEDs turn off.



Undercurrent monitoring without latching

Open-circuit principle open

The current to be monitored (measured value) is applied to terminals B1/B2/B3-C. When control supply voltage is applied to terminals A1-A2, the start-up delay T_S begins. The green LED flashes $\Pi\Pi\Pi\Pi$ during the start-up delay T_S and then turns steady. During the start-up delay T_S undercurrent is only displayed by flashing $\Pi\Pi\Pi$ of the red LED.

If the measured value decreases below the adjusted threshold value, when T_S is complete, the tripping delay T_V starts and the red LED flashes \square . Timing of T_V is displayed by the flashing \square green LED. When T_V is complete and the measured value is still below the threshold value plus the adjusted hysteresis, the output relays energize and the yellow LED (relays energized) turns off.

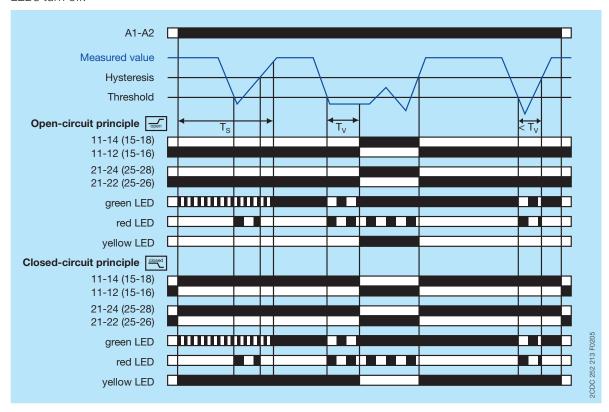
If the measured value exceeds the threshold value plus the hysteresis, the output relays de-energize and the red and yellow LEDs turn off. If control supply voltage is interrupted, the green LED turns off.

Closed-circuit principle

The current to be monitored (measured value) is applied to terminals B1/B2/B3-C. When control supply voltage is applied to terminals A1-A2, the start-up delay T_S begins, the output relays energize and the yellow LED (relays energized) glows. The green LED flashes $\Pi\Pi\Pi\Pi$ during the start-up delay T_S and then turns steady. During the start-up delay T_S undercurrent is only displayed by flashing $\Pi\Pi\Pi$ of the red LED.

If the measured value decreases below the adjusted threshold value, when T_S is complete, the tripping delay T_V starts and the red LED flashes \square . Timing of T_V is displayed by the flashing \square green LED. When T_V is complete and the measured value is still below the threshold value plus the adjusted hysteresis, the output relays de-energize and the yellow LED turns off.

If the measured value exceeds the threshold value plus the hysteresis, the output relays re-energize, the yellow LEDs glows and the red LED turns off. If control supply voltage is interrupted, the output relays de-energize and the green and yellow LEDs turn off.



Overcurrent monitoring with latching

Open-circuit principle open

The current to be monitored (measured value) is applied to terminals B1/B2/B3-C. When control supply voltage is applied to terminals A1-A2, the start-up delay T_S begins. The green LED flashes $\Pi\Pi\Pi\Pi$ during the start-up delay T_S and then turns steady. During the start-up delay T_S overcurrent is only displayed by glowing of the red LED.

If the measured value exceeds the adjusted threshold value, when T_S is complete, the tripping delay T_V starts and the red LED glows. Timing of T_V is displayed by the flashing Γ green LED. When T_V is complete and the measured value still exceeds the threshold value minus the adjusted hysteresis, the output relays energize and the yellow LED (relay energized) flashes Γ

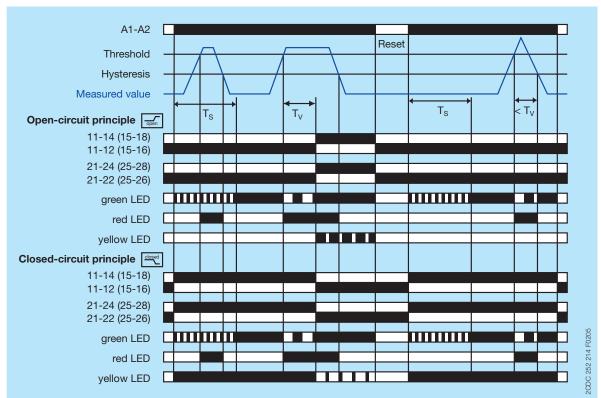
If the measured value decreases below the threshold value minus the hysteresis, the red LED turns off. The output relays remain energized (latching function). If control supply voltage is interrupted (reset), the output relays de-energize and the green and yellow LEDs turn off.

Closed-circuit principle

The current to be monitored (measured value) is applied to terminals B1/B2/B3-C. When control supply voltage is applied to terminals A1-A2, the start-up delay T_S begins, the output relays energize and the yellow LED (relays energized) glows. The green LED flashes $\Pi\Pi\Pi\Pi$ during the start-up delay T_S and then turns steady. During the start-up delay T_S overcurrent is only displayed by glowing of the red LED.

If the measured value exceeds the adjusted threshold value, when T_S is complete, the tripping delay T_V starts and the red LED glows. Timing of T_V is displayed by the flashing Γ green LED. When T_V is complete and the measured value still exceeds the threshold value minus the adjusted hysteresis, the output relays de-energize and the yellow LED flashes Γ

If the measured value decreases below the threshold value minus the hysteresis, the red LED turns off. The output relays remain de-energized (latching function). If control supply voltage is interrupted (reset), the green and yellow LEDs turn off. The output relays energize again when control supply voltage is re-applied.



Undercurrent monitoring with latching

Open-circuit principle open

The current to be monitored (measured value) is applied to terminals B1/B2/B3-C. When control supply voltage is applied to terminals A1-A2, the start-up delay T_S begins. The green LED flashes $\Pi\Pi\Pi\Pi$ during the start-up delay T_S and then turns steady. During the start-up delay T_S undercurrent is only displayed by flashing $\Pi\Pi\Pi$ of the red LED.

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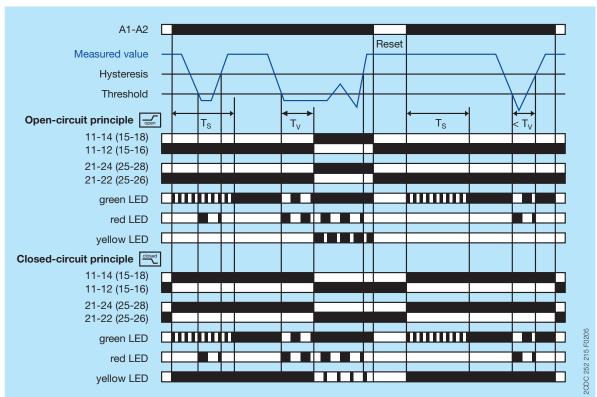
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Closed-circuit principle

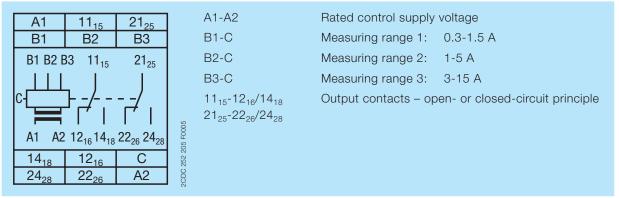
The current to be monitored (measured value) is applied to terminals B1/B2/B3-C. When control supply voltage is applied to terminals A1-A2, the start-up delay T_S begins, the output relays energize and the yellow LED (relays energized) glows. The green LED flashes $\Pi\Pi\Pi\Pi$ during the start-up delay T_S and then turns steady. During the start-up delay T_S undercurrent is only displayed by flashing $\Pi\Pi\Pi$ of the red LED.

If the measured value decreases below the adjusted threshold value, when T_S is complete, the tripping delay T_V starts and the red LED flashes $\square \square \square$. Timing of T_V is displayed by the flashing $\square \square \square$ green LED. When T_V is complete and the measured value is still below the threshold value plus the adjusted hysteresis, the output relays de-energize and the yellow LED flashes $\square \square \square \square$.

If the measured value exceeds the threshold value plus the hysteresis, the red LED turns off. The output relays remain deenergized (latching function). If control supply voltage is interrupted (reset), the green and yellow LEDs turn off. The output relays energize again when control supply voltage is re-applied.



Electrical connection



Connection diagram

DIP switches

Position	4	3	2	1		1	ON	Undercurrent monitoring
ON t			closed		9000.		OFF	Overcurrent monitoring
ON T					273 F0005	2	ON	Closed-circuit principle
OFF					2 252		OFF	Open-circuit principle
011			open		2CDC	3	ON	Latching function activated
							OFF	Latching function not activated
							OFF = Default	

Technical data

Data at $T_a = 25$ °C and rated values, unless otherwise indicated

Input circuits

Supply circuit	A1-A2			
Rated control supply voltage U _s	24-240 V AC/DC			
Rated control supply voltage U _s tolerance	-15+10 %	-15+10 %		
Rated frequency		50/60 Hz or D)C	
Typical current / power consumption	24 V DC	30 mA / 0.75	W	
	115 V AC	17 mA / 1.9 V	'A	
	230 V AC	11 mA / 2.6 V	'A	
Power failure buffering time		20 ms		
Transient overvoltage protection		varistors		
Measuring circuit		B1/B2/B3-C		
Monitoring function		over- or under	rcurrent monitoring	configurable
Measuring method		TRMS measu	ring principle	
Measuring inputs ¹⁾	terminal connection	B1-C	B2-C	В3-С
	measuring range	0.3-1.5 A	1-5 A	3-15 A
	input resistance	0.05 Ω	0.01 Ω	0.0025 Ω
	pulse overload capacity $t < 1$ s	15 A	50 A	100 A
	continuous capacity	2 A	7 A	17 A
Threshold value		adjustable wit	hin the indicated n	neasuring range
Tolerance of the adjusted threshold value		10 % of the range end value		
Hysteresis related to the threshold value		3-30 % adjustable		
Measuring signal frequency range		DC / 15 Hz - 2 kHz		
Rated measuring signal frequency range		DC / 50-60 Hz		
Maximum response time	AC	80 ms		
	DC	120 ms	······	
Accuracy within the rated control supply voltage	e tolerance	Δ U ≤ 0.5 %	······	
Accuracy within the temperature range		Δ U ≤ 0.06 % /	/ °C	
Timing circuit				
Start-up time T _S	0 s or 0.1-30	0 s or 0.1-30 s adjustable		
Time delay $T_{\rm V}$	0 or 0.1-30 s adjustable			
Repeat accuracy (constant parameters)	±0.07 % of ful	l scale		
Tolerance of the adjusted time delay		-		
Accuracy within the rated control supply voltage	e tolerance	Δ t ≤ 0.5 %		
Accuracy within temperature range		Δ t ≤ 0.06 % /	°C	••••••

User interface

Indication of operational states		
Control supply voltage	U/T: green LED	: control supply voltage applied : start-up delay T _S active : tripping delay T _V active
Measured value	I: red LED	: overcurrent
Relay status	R: yellow LED	: output relay energized, no latching function : output relay energized, active latching function : output relay de-energized, active latching function

¹⁾ For usage of the current monitoring relays according to UL, following limitations for the measuring circuits are applicable: The load on any single measuring circuit should not exceed 15 A at 51-150 V, 10 A at 151-300 V or 5 A at 301-600 V.

This limitation is only valid for application according to UL and not for IEC applications.

Output circuits

Kind of output	11 ₁₅ -12 ₁₆ /14 ₁₈	relay, 1st c/o (SPDT) contact	
	21 ₂₅ -22 ₂₆ /24 ₂₈	relay, 2nd c/o (SPDT) contact	
Operating principle		open- or closed-circuit principle configurable (open-	
		circuit principle: output relays energize if the measured	
		value exceeds 🗲 / falls below 🔁 the adjusted	
		threshold value, closed-circuit principle: output relays	
		de-energize if measured value exeeds 🛨 / falls	
		below the adjusted threshold value)	
Contact material		AgNi	
Rated operational voltage U _e		250 V	
Minimum switching voltage / Minimum	switching current	24 V / 10 mA	
Maximum switching voltage / Maximun	n switching current	250 V AC / 4 A AC	
Rated operational current I _e	AC-12 (resistive) at 230 V	4 A	
	AC-15 (inductive) at 230 V	3 A	
	DC-12 (resistive) at 24 V	4 A	
	DC-13 (inductive) at 24 V	2 A	
AC rating (UL 508)	utilization category (Control Circuit Rating Code)	B 300	
	max. rated operational voltage	300 V AC	
	max. continuous thermal current at B 300	5 A	
	max. making/breaking	3600/360 VA	
	apparent power at B 300		
Mechanical lifetime		30 x 10 ⁶ switching cycles	
Electrical lifetime	AC-12, 230 V, 4 A	0.1 x 10 ⁶ switching cycles	
Maximum fuse rating to achieve	n/c contact	10 A fast-acting	
short-circuit protection	n/o contact	10 A fast-acting	

General data

MTBF		on request
Duty time		100 %
Dimensions (W x H x D)		22.5 x 85.6 x 103.7 mm (0.89 x 3.37 x 4.08 in)
	packaging dimensions	97 x 109 x 30 mm (3.82 x 4.29 x 1.18 in)
Weight	net weight	0.155 kg (0.342 lb)
	9 9	0.177 kg (0.390 lb)
Mounting		DIN rail (IEC/EN 60715),
		snap-on mounting without any tool
Mounting position		any
Minimum distance to other units		10 mm (0.39 in) at measured current > 10 A
Material of housing		UL 94 V-0
Degree of protection	housing	IP50
	terminals	IP20

Electrical connection

Connecting capacity	fine-strand with(out)	1 x 0.5-2.5 mm ² (1 x 18-14 AWG)
Connecting capacity	iiile-straild with(out)	1 x 0.3-2.3 mm (1 x 10-14 AWQ)
		2 x 0.5-1.5 mm ² (2 x 18-16 AWG)
		1 x 0.5-4 mm² (1 x 20-12 AWG)
		2 x 0.5-2.5 mm ² (2 x 20-14 AWG)
Stripping length		8 mm (0.32 in)
Tightening torque		0.6 - 0.8 Nm (7.08 lb.in)

Environmental data

Ambient temperature ranges	•	-25+60 °C (-13+140 °F)
	storage	-40+85 °C (-40+185 °F)
Damp heat, cyclic (IEC/EN 60068-2-30)	55 °C, 6 cycles	
Vibration, sinusoidal		Class 2
Shock	Class 2	

Isolation data

Rated insulation voltage U _i	supply / measuring circuit / output	600 V
	output 1 / output 2	
Rated impulse withstand voltage U _{imp}	supply / measuring circuit / output	6 kV 1.2/50 μs
	output 1 / output 2	4 kV 1.2/50 μs
Pollution degree	3	
Overvoltage category	III	

Standards / Directives

Standards	IEC/EN 60947-5-1, IEC/EN 60255-27, EN 50178
Low Voltage Directive	2014/35/EU
EMC Directive	2014/30/EU
RoHS Directive	2011/65/EU

Railway application standards

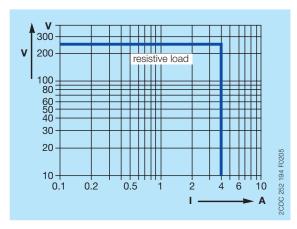
EN 50155, IEC 60571	temperature class	ТЗ
"Railway applications - Electronic equipment		
used on rolling stock"	supply voltage category	\$1, \$2, C1
IEC/EN 61373		Category 1, Class B
"Railway applications - Rolling stock equipment - Sh	nock and vibration tests"	
EN 45545-2 Railway applications – Fire protection on railway vehicles – part 2:		HL3
Requirements for fire behavior of materials		
and components	ISO 4589-2	LOI 32.3 %
	NF X-70-100-1	C.I.T. (T12) 0.45
	EN ISO 5659-2	Ds max (T10.03) 104
NF F 16-101: Rolling stock. Fire behaviour. Materials choosing		12 / F2
NF F 16-102: Railway rolling stock. Fire behaviour. Materials choosing, application for		
electric equipment		
DIN 5510-2 Preventive fire protection in railway vehicles. Part 2: Fire behaviour and fire		fullfilled
side effects of materials and parts		

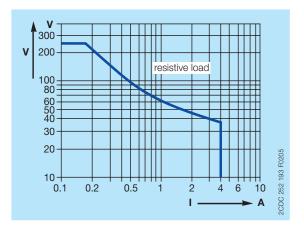
Electromagnetic compatibility

Interference immunity to		IEC/EN 61000-6-2
electrostatic discharge	IEC/EN 61000-4-2	Level 3
radiated, radio-frequency, electromagnetic field	IEC/EN 61000-4-3	
electrical fast transient / burst	IEC/EN 61000-4-4	20.0.0
surge	IEC/EN 61000-4-5	
conducted disturbances, induced by	IEC/EN 61000-4-6	Level 3
radio-frequency fields		
Interference emission		IEC/EN 61000-6-3
high-frequency radiated	IEC/CISPR 22, EN 55022	
high-frequency conducted	IEC/CISPR 22, EN 55022	

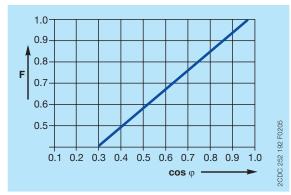
Technical diagrams

Load limit curves



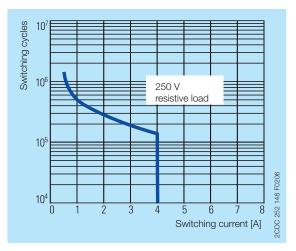


AC load (resistive)



Derating factor F for inductive AC load

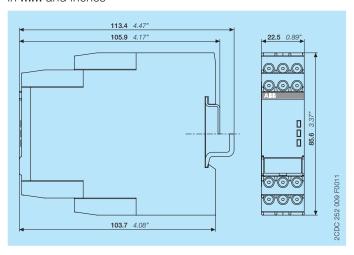




Contact lifetime

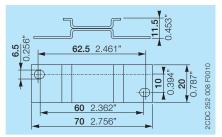
Dimensions

in mm and inches

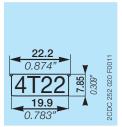


Accessories

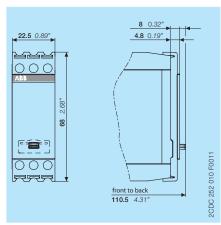
in mm and inches



ADP.01 - Adapter for screw mounting



MAR.12 - Marker label for devices with DIP switches



COV.11 - Sealable transparent cover

Further documentation

Document title	Document type	Document number
Electronic products and relays	Technical catalogue	2CDC 110 004 C02xx
CM-SRS.M	Instruction manual	1SVC 730 620 M0000

You can find the documentation on the internet at www.abb.com/lowvoltage

-> Automation, control and protection -> Electronic relays and controls -> Measuring and monitoring relays.

CAD system files

You can find the CAD files for CAD systems at http://abb-control-products.partcommunity.com

-> Low Voltage Products & Systems -> Control Products -> Electronic Relays and Controls.

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You can find the address of your local sales organisation on the ABB home page http://www.abb.com/contacts -> Low Voltage Products and Systems

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