DATA SHEET



### **Power supply CP-S.1 24/40.0**

### Mid-high performance switch mode power supply

CP-S.1 power supplies: high efficiency and reliability delivered in a compact footprint.

Designed for a huge variety of applications, including machine building segments, this advanced range boosts an integrated 150 % power reserve for five seconds and operates at an efficiency of up to 94 %. With overheat protection, active power factor correction, a broad certified AC and DC input range and extensive worldwide approvals including ma-rine, the all-new CP-S.1 power supplies are a preferred choice for multiple industrial applications.



# C271005V0021

#### **Characteristics**

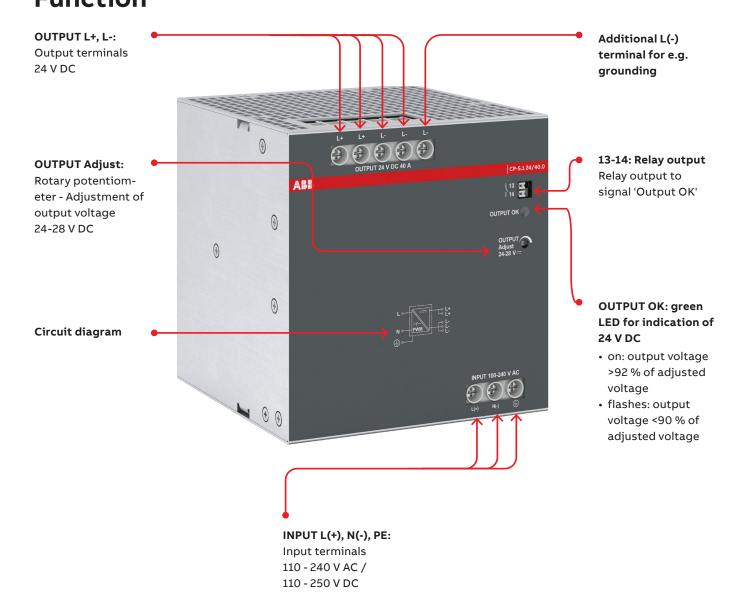
- Rated supply voltage range from 110-240 V AC / 110-250 V DC
- Rated output voltage 24 V DC
- Rated output current of 40.0 A
- Rated output power 960 W
- High efficiency of 94 %
- Power reserve design of 150 % for 5 s
- Output voltage adjustable via front-face rotary potentiometer "OUTPUT Adjust", 24-28 V

- · Low power dissipation and low heating
- Free convection cooling (no forced cooling)
- Coated PCBAs
- Open-circuit, overload and short-circuit protection
- Integrated input fuse
- DC OK signaling output "13-14" (relay)
- CP-C.1-A-RU redundancy unit offers true redundancy, available as accessory
- · Various approvals and marks

#### Ordering details

Description	Rated input voltage	Rated output voltage	Rated output current	Output power	Order code
CP-S.1 24/40.0	110 - 240 V AC, 110 - 250 V DC	24 V DC	40.0 A	960 W	1SVR320861R1000
CP-C.1-A-RU	10 - 56 V DC	12 - 48 V DC	2 x 20 A or 1 x 40 A	-	1SVR360060R1001

### **Function**



### **Application**

The new family of CP-S.1 power supplies is the right fit for OEM machine building applications. Space-saving design, a complete 24 V DC offering of up to 960 W and a metal enclosure perfectly matches the high requirements of this segment.

The CP-S.1 has a wide certified AC or DC input voltage range. Furthermore, the CP-S.1 is equipped with capacitors that ensure a hold-up time of at least 20 ms. This enables world-wide usage and permits safe operation in fluctuating networks and battery-powered applications.

The CP-S.1 power supplies with the robust metallic housing and the reliable construction are suitable for applications in industrial environments.

The power reserve of up to 150 % for five seconds enables trouble-free starting of heavy loads eliminating the need of usage of an oversized power supply.

#### **Power reserve**

The primary switch mode power supply CP-S.1 is equipped with a power reserve functionality to handle the start-up of particularly heavy loads (e.g. of a capacitive load or a motor). To ensure that heavy loads are started up, the CP-S.1 delivers additionally up to 150 % of the rated output current for up to 5 s to secure the operation of the application.

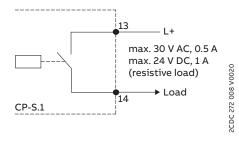
#### Signaling output

For the communication of the status of the power supply the CP-S.1 is equipped with a relay output to signal 'OUTPUT OK'. This signal can be used for communication to a higher level control system e.g. a PLC.

### Adjustable output voltage

The CP-S.1 range power supplies feature a continuously adjustable output voltage of 24 to 28 V DC. Thus, they can be optimally adapted to the application, e.g. compensating the voltage drop caused by a long line length.

#### Adjustable output voltage



Output OK, relay output

Rated voltage limits of the signaling output relay: Acc. UL 61010-1: 30 V RMS, 42.4 V peak, 60 V DC

#### LEDs and signaling output

Output voltage	Output OK: LED green	Rated output voltage
$\geq$ 92 % of U <sub>out</sub>		Closed ———
< 90 % of U <sub>out</sub>		Open — —

It is possible to use the messaging and signaling functionality with power supplies connected in parallel. The parallel operation has no influence on the function.

### **Operating mode**

#### Parallel operation

There are two main reasons for a parallel connection of power supplies:

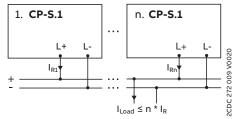
- · Increase of power
- Redundancy

Up to 3 devices of the same type can be connected in parallel. For safe and reliable operation it is important to follow the recommendations given in the following section.

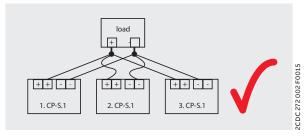
#### Parallel connection of power supplies for increased power

If the current required by the load is higher than a single power supply can deliver, for example after the expansion of an existing installation, an increase of the output power can be obtained by connecting power supplies in parallel. The following prerequisites have to be fulfilled when connecting power supplies in parallel for the purpose of increased power:

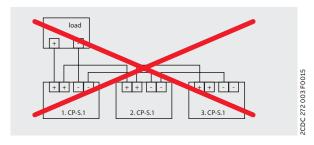
- The paralleled devices must be of the identical type.
- Repeated voltage drops on the supply lines or at the terminals would lead to unbalanced load at the common connection point. To prevent this, you have to observe the following when connecting the power supply units:
  - Identical lengths of the load supply lines.
  - Identical conductor cross sections of the load supply lines.
  - Terminal screws have to be fastened with the same torque to guarantee equal contact resistances.
  - The output voltages of the power supplies must not differ by more than 50 mV. Otherwise, safe operation is not possible.



Parallel operation, increased power (n  $\leq$  3)



Correct wiring for increased power



Incorrect wiring for increased power



#### Important

The devices must not be connected directly to each other! This could lead to an overload of the terminals since the terminals are dimensioned for the maximum output current of a single power supply only. Always use a common connection point!

#### Parallel connection of power supplies for redundancy

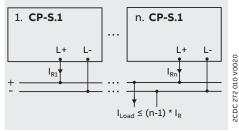
Several power supplies are connected in parallel in order to guarantee continuous operation of the system if one power supply fails. CP-S.1 can be used in two different redundancy modes depending on what type of redundancy is required:

- · Simple redundancy
- True redundancy

#### Simple redundancy

For simple or redundancy, the power supplies are connected in parallel like for the increase of capacity. To achieve redundancy the current required by the load must not exceed the maximum output power of one single power supply (in case of "1+1 redundancy") or n power supplies (where n is max. 3).

We recommend connecting the primary sides of the power supplies to different phases of the mains in order to obtain continuous operation of the system if one phase fails.



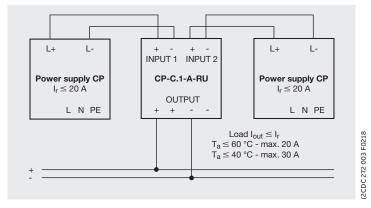
Parallel operation, redundancy (n  $\leq$  3)

#### True redundancy

True redundancy gives higher system availability compared to simple redundancy. In a true redundancy setup the power supplies are decoupled from each other with decoupling diodes. This protects the individual power supplies from affecting each other in case of failure of one unit or short cirucit on the secondary side or in the wiring.

For two inputs of up to 30 A and one output up to 60 A the ABB redundancy unit CP-C.1-A-RU (available as an accessory) can be used.

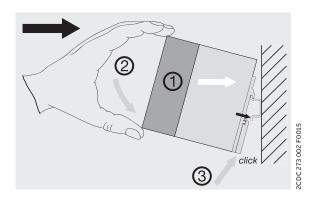
The inputs of these units are connected to the terminals L+ and L- of the power supplies. The loads are supplied directly from the outputs of the redundancy unit.



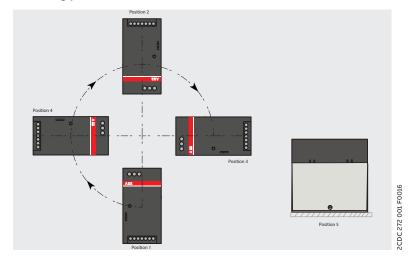
True redundancy using a CP-C.1-A-RU redundancy unit

### **Mounting**

To mount the unit place the upper edge of the DIN rail adapter on the upper edge of the DIN rail holding the unit slightly tilted upwards as shown in the illustration. Then tilt the unit down until the latch snaps onto the DIN rail.



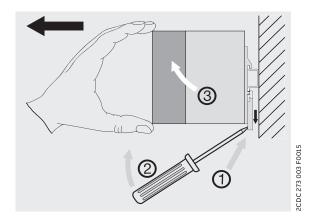
#### **Mounting positions**



In order to ensure a sufficient convection in mounting position 1, the minimum distance to other modules must not be less than 50 mm in vertical direction and 30 mm in horizontal direction. For the derating of the output current, see the characteristic curve of temperature. Details for other mounting positions on request.

### **Demounting**

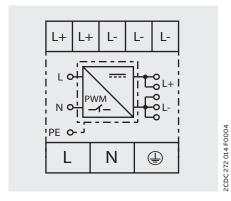
To release the unit pull the latching lever downwards with a screwdriver and press the upper side of the the latching lever down. The device can be unhinged from the DIN rail and removed.



### **Electrical connection**

Connect the input terminals "L" to line and "N" to neutral conductor or to "+" and "-" with DC supply "+" to "L" and "-" to "N". The protective earth conductor PE must be connected before putting the device into operation. The installation must be executed acc. to EN 61010-1. Provide a suitable disconnecting device (e. g. line protection switch, MCB or fuse) in the supply line. The input side of the power supply is protected by an internal input fuse.

The wiring, cable choice and their protection shall comply to the local electrical standard. We recommend choosing the conductor cross-section as large as possible in order to minimize voltage drops. Check the polarity. The device is overload, short-circuit and open-circuit proof. The secondary side of the power supply is electrically isolated from the input and internally not earthed (SELV) and can be earthed for PELV.



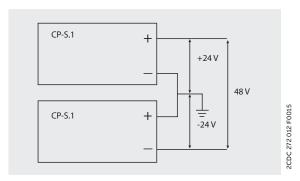
L+, L- Output voltage L, N Input voltage

Protective earth (PE)

Connection diagram

#### 24 and 48 V DC connection

The connection diagram below shows how to setup two power supplies for +/-24 or 48 V DC output voltage.



Connection diagram for +/-24 or 48 V DC output voltage

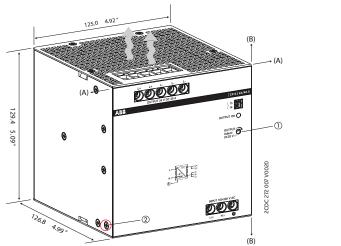
### **High-voltage test (HIPOT)**

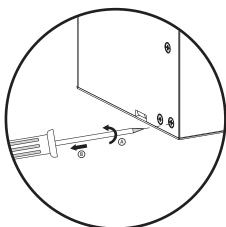
The power supplies have been high-voltage tested in the factory.

However, if high-voltage test of the power supply is required during the final inspection and testing of the end- application, the built-in gas discharge tube of the CP-S.124/40.0 needs to be disconnected.

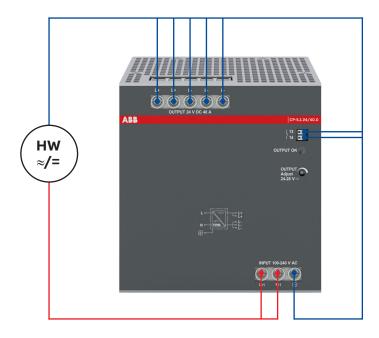
Applicable for high-voltage tests > 0.5 kV AC / 0.707 kV DC the gas discharge tube can be disconnected by considering the following steps:

- Disconnect the unit from the supply voltage
- Remove the screw completely, marked with (2) and keep it in a safe place. Once unscrewed, the gas-discharge tube is disconnected and no longer functional.
- · Perform high-voltage test of the power supply: avoiding unnecessary loading or damages due to excessive test voltages
- After successfully performing high-voltage test, use original gas-discharge tube screw and screw back into the power supply

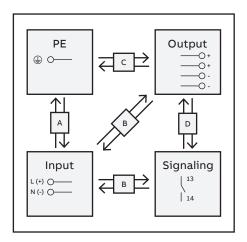




#### Potential-related wiring for the high-voltage test



#### Electrical strength of the insulation



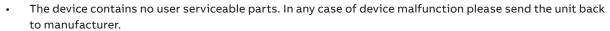
	Α	В	С	D
Type test (IEC/EN 61010-1)	1.5 kV AC /	3 kV AC /	0.5 kV AC /	0.5 kV AC /
	2.121 kV DC	4.242 kV DC	0.707 kV DC	0.707 kV DC
Production test	3 kV AC /	3 kV AC /	0.5 kV AC /	0.5 kV AC /
	4.242 kV DC	4.242 kV DC	0.707 kV DC	0.707 kV DC
Field test (with gas-filled surge arrester)	0.5 kV AC /			
	0.707 kV DC	0.707 kV DC	0.707 kV DC	0.707 kV DC
Field test (gas-filled surge arrester de-contacted)	1.5 kV AC /	3 kV AC /	0.5 kV AC /	0.5 kV AC /
	2.121 kV DC	4.242 kV DC	0.707 kV DC	0.707 kV DC

### Safety instructions and warnings



#### In operation pay attention to:

- Do not modify the installation (primary and secondary side)! High current!
  Risk of electric arcs and electric shock (danger to life)!
- · Risk of burns: Depending on the operation conditions the housing can become hot.



The device must be installed by qualified persons only and in accordance with the specific national regulations (e. g. VDE, etc.).



The CP-S.1 power supplies are chassis-mounted units. It is maintenance-free and does not contain any integral setting elements and should therefore not be opened.



#### Before any installation, maintenance or modification work:

- Read the operating and installation instructions carefully and completely!
- · Disconnect the system from the supply network and protect against switching on!



#### CAUTION

Improper installation/operation may impair safety of personnel and cause operational difficulties or destruction of the unit.



#### WARNING

#### Before start of operation the following must be ensured:

- Connection to mains or DC supply according to the specific national regulations for class of protection I.
  Power supply cables and unit must be sufficiently fused. A disconnecting device has to be provided for the end product to disengage unit and supply cables from supply mains if required.
- Rate the output lines for the output current of the power supply and connect them with the correct polarity.
- · In order to ensure sufficient convection the distance to the other devices has to be considered.



#### WARNING

#### Danger to life!

Never carry out work when voltage is present. The power supply contains components with high stored energy and circuits with high voltage! Do not introduce any objects into the unit and do not open the unit. With some units of this range the output is capable of providing hazardous energy. Ensure that the service personnel is protected against inadvertent contact with parts carrying energy. If the internal fuse is blown most probably the device is defect. In this case an examination of the device by the manufacturer is necessary.

## **Technical data**

Data at  $T_a$  = 25 °C,  $U_{in}$  = 230 V AC and rated values, unless otherwise indicated

Туре			CP-S.1 24/40.0	
Input circuit - Supply circuit (L(+)	), N(-))			
Rated input voltage U <sub>in</sub>			110 - 240 V AC, 110 - 250 V DC	
Input voltage range			103 - 264 V AC / 103 - 277 V DC	
Input current range at		100 - 240 V AC		
rated output power		100 - 250 V DC		
Typical input current		at 115 V AC		
.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		at 230 V AC		
Max. power consumption		at 230 V AC		
Rated frequency			DC, 50 / 60 Hz	
Frequency range		AC	45 - 65 Hz	
Inrush current limiting, cold state			≤ 19 A	
Let-through energy I <sup>2</sup> t, cold state		at 230 V AC	< 5 A <sup>2</sup> S	
Discharge current towards PE		40230 77.0	< 3.5 mA	
Hold-up time		at 115 V AC		
rioid-up time	at 230 V AC			
Internal input fuse		at 230 V AC	Yes	
Recommended backup fuse for			1 pole miniature circuit breaker ABB type S 200 (for USA/CAN: use appropriate	
wire protection at 1.5 mm <sup>2</sup>			branch circuit 20 A fuse acc. to regional and national regulations)	
		characteristic		
		max. rating	16 A	
Power Factor Correction (PFC)		max.racing	yes, active	
Transient over-voltage protection			yes, varistor	
User interface - Indication of ope			yes, varistor	
Output voltage	LED ,OUTPUT OK'	Green	> 92 % adjusted U <sub>out</sub>	
Output voitage	LED ,OUTPUT OK'			
Output circuits - power output (		1 10311	1 50 % ddydsted oout	
Rated output voltage	, <u>_</u> -,		24 V DC	
Tolerance of the output voltage			±1%	
Adjustment range of the output v	roltage		2428 V DC	
Rated output power	ortage		960 W	
	25	°C < T < EE °C		
Rated output current I <sub>R</sub>		$^{\circ}$ C $\leq$ T <sub>a</sub> $\leq$ 55 $^{\circ}$ C		
Dynamic Boost output current	-23	$S^{\circ}C \le T_a \le 55  {}^{\circ}C$	* *	
Short-circuit current limiting		0C (T (70.0C	<70 A	
Derating of the output current		$^{\circ}$ C $\leq$ T <sub>a</sub> $\leq$ 70 $^{\circ}$ C	2 % / K	
Deviation width	Load effect/ load	static load	< 1 %	
of output voltage	regulation	change: 25 - 100 %		
	Transient	dynamic load	10 % - 100 %: < 3 %	
	response of	change:	25 / 255 / 5 / 5 / 5	
	voltage to	recovery	< 1 ms	
	load current	time T <sub>R</sub>		
	changes		.0.504	
	Change of wi	ithin the rated input voltage	< 0.5%	
Starting time after applying the	put voitage	pat voitage	< 1,500 ms	
supply voltage			- 1,500 1113	
Residual ripple and switching pea	iks	BW = 20 MHz	< 75 mV <sub>pp</sub> , class A	
Parallel connection			yes, up to 3	
Series connection			yes, 2	
			J, -	

Туре		CP-S.1 24/40.0
No-load, overload and short-circ	ruit hehavior	CI 3.1 L4/40.0
Characteristic curve of output	curt beliavior	U/I characteristic curve combined with foldback behavior
Short-circuit protection		continuous short-circuit stability
Short-circuit behavior		current limiting
Resistance to reverse feed		≤35 V DC
		yes, < 35 V
Overland protection		constant current limitation
Overload protection		protection by switch off in case of overtemperature (thermal)
Overtemperature protection		
No-load protection		continuous no-load stability
Starting of capacitive loads		Yes
Signaling outputs - OUTPUT OK		where the sentence
Type of output	13 - 14	5
ON (contact closed)		92 % adjusted U <sub>out</sub>
OFF (contact open)		90 % adjusted U <sub>out</sub>
Contact ratings	max. switching voltage / current	30 V AC - 0.5 A / 24 V DC - 1 A (resistive load)
	min. switching voltage/ current	5 V DC / 1 mA
General data	carrent	
Efficiency	at rated load	> 94 %
Power losses	at rated load	< 62 W
	at 50 % of rated load	< 45 W
	at no load	< 6.5 W
Duty time	at no road	100 %
MTBF	acc. to MIL 217 HDBK GB 25	
Dimensions (W x H x D)	acc. to MIL 217 HDBK GB 25	see dimensional drawings
	cover	
Material of housing	cover	
	housing shell	
	front	plastic, PC GE8B35, V0
Mounting		DIN rail (IEC/EN 60715), snap-on mounting
Mounting position		position 1 (standard orientation); other mounting positions possible with derating / deratings are available on demand
Minimum distance to other units	horizontal	30 mm
	vertical	50 mm
Degree of protection (IEC/EN 60529)	housing / terminals	IP20 / IP20
Protection class (IEC/EN 61140)		
Electrical connection - Input circ	cuits (L(+), N(-), PE)	
Connecting capacity	rigid	0.5-10.0 mm² (20-8 AWG)
	fine-strand with(out) wire end ferrule	0.5-10.0 mm² (20-8 AWG)
Stripping length		10 mm
Tightening torque		1.47 Nm 13.0 lb.in
Recommended screw driver		PH2 / Ø 5.5 x 1.0 mm
Output circuits (L+, L+, L-, L-)		
Stripping length		10 mm
Tightening torque		1.47 Nm 13.0 lb.in
Recommended screw driver		PH2 / Ø 5.5 x 1.0 mm
Signalling output (13-14)		
Connecting capacity	rigid	0.15 - 0.8 mm² (26 - 18 AWG)
	strand with(out) wire end ferrule	
Stripping length		7 mm
Connection terminals		push-in

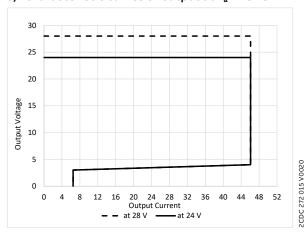
Туре		CP-S.1 24/40.0		
Environmental data				
Ambient temperature range	operation	-25+70 °C (-13 +158 °F)		
	rated output power	-25+55 °C (-13 +140 °F)		
	storage	-40+85 °C (-40 +185 °F)		
	transportation	-40+85 °C (-40 +185 °F)		
Climatic class (IEC/EN 60721-3-1) storage		1K2		
Climatic class (IEC/EN 60721-3-2)	transportation	2K2		
Climatic class (IEC/EN 60721-3-3)	operation			
Damp heat, cyclic (IEC/EN 60068-2	2-30)	test Db: 55 °C, 2 cycles		
Vibration (IEC/EN 60068-2-6)	•	test Fc: 10-58 Hz, amplitude ±0.15 mm, 58-150 Hz, 2 g, 10 sweep cycles each axis		
Shock, half-sine (IEC/EN 60068-2-2	27)	test Ea: 30 g, 6 ms, 3 pulses each axis; bump 20 g, 11 ms, 100 pulses each axis		
Location classes (according DNVGI		temperature: B / humidity: B / vibration: A / enclosure: A		
Coated PCBA	,	yes		
Isolation data		19		
Rated impulse withstand voltage U <sub>imp</sub> (IEC/EN 62477-1)	input circuit / output circuit	4 kV (1.2/50 μs)		
	input circuit / PE	4 kV (1.2/50 µs)		
	input circuit / relay contact	4 kV (1.2/50 µs)		
	output circuit / relay contact	0.8 kV (1.2/50 μs)		
	relay contact / PE	0.8 kV (1.2/50 µs)		
	output circuit / PE			
Rated insulation voltage U <sub>i</sub> (IEC/EN 62477-1)	input circuit / output circuit	300 V		
	input circuit / PE	300 V		
	input circuit / relay contact	t 300 V		
	output circuit / relay contact	50 V		
	relay contact / PE	50 V		
	output circuit / PE	50 V		
Overvoltage category	< 2000 m	III		
(IEC/EN 62477-1)	20005000 m	II		
Overvoltage category	< 2000 m	II		
(IEC/EN 61010-1/IEC/ EN 61010-2-201)	20005000 m	II		
Pollution degree	input circuit / ground	2		
Protective separation	input circuit / output circuit	yes		
IEC/EN 61010-1, 61010-2-201	input circuit / relay output	yes		
Standards / Directives				
Low Voltage Directive		2014/35/EU, IEC/EN 61204		
EMC directive		2014/30/EU		
RoHS directive		2011/65/EU incl. 2015/863/EU		
WEEE directive		2012/19/EU		
Electrical safety		IEC/EN 61010-1. IEC/EN 61010-2-201		
Process control equipment		UL 61010-1, UL 61010-2-201/ CAN/CSA C22.2 No. 61010-1-12, CAN/CSA-IEC 61010-2-201:18		
Protective extra low voltage		PELV_IEC/EN 61010-2-201		
Safety extra low voltage		SELV_IEC/EN 61010-2-201		
Limitation of harmonic line current	:S	IEC/EN 61010-2-201		

Туре		CP-S.1 24/40.0	
Electromagnetic compatibility			
-ow-voltage power supplies, d.c. output – Pa	art 3:	IEC/EN 61204-3	
Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC)			
nterference immunity to		IEC/EN 61000-6-2	
electrostatic discharge (ESD)	IEC/EN 61000-4-2	contact discharge air discharge, level 4, 8 kV / 15 kV (criterion A)	
radiated, radio-frequency, electromagnetic field	IEC/EN 61000-4-3	80 to 1000 MHz, 10 V/m (criterion A), 1.4 to 6 GHz, 3 V/m (criterion A)	
electrical fast transient / burst	IEC/EN 61000-4-4	level 4, 4 kV / 2 kV (criterion A)	
surge	IEC/EN 61000-4-5	level 4, L/N 3 kV (criterion A); level 4, L, N / PE 4 kV (criterion A)	
conducted disturbances, induced by radio-frequency fields	IEC/EN 61000-4-6	level 3, 10 V (criterion A)	
voltage dips, short interruptions and voltage variations	IEC/EN 61000-4-11	class 3	
harmonics and interharmonics	IEC/EN 61000-4-13	class 3 (criterion A)	
conducted, common mode disturbances in the frequency range 0 Hz to 150 kHz	IEC/EN 61000-4-1	level 3, 10 V	
nterference emission		IEC/EN 61000-6-3; IEC/EN 61000-6-4	
limits for harmonic current emissions	IEC/EN 61000-3-2	class A	
limitation of voltage changes etc.	IEC/EN 61000-3-3	compliant	
information technology equipment radio disturbance characteristics limits and methods of measurement	EC/CISPR 32, EN 55032	class B	
industrial scientific and medical (ISM) radio-frequency equipment electromagnetic disturbance characteristics limits and methods of measurement	EC/CISPR 11, EN 55011 EN 50204	class B	
/oltage sags	SEMI F47-0706	passed	
ederal Communications Commission	FCC15	compliant	
MC according DNV/GL	DNVGL-CG-0339	all locations including bridge and open deck class B	
Veight		2.490 g	

### **Technical diagrams**

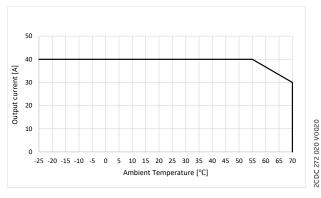
Data at  $T_a$  = 25 °C,  $U_{in}$  = 230 V AC and rated values, unless otherwise indicated

#### U/I characteristic curves of output at T<sub>a</sub> = 25 °C



CP-S.124/40.0

#### Characteristic curves of temperature $T_{out}$ = 24 V DC



CP-S.124/40.0

The switch mode power supply CP-S.1 is able to supply at 24 V DC output voltage and at an ambient temperature of

- $\bullet\,\leq\!60$  °C the rated current of 40 A
- $\leq$  60 °C a continuous output current of typ.  $\leq$  60 A for 5 s

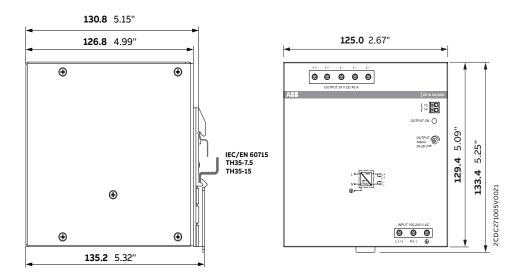
With mounting position 1 (standard) and at ambient temperatures of > +55 °C the output power has to be reduced by 2 % per Celsius degree temperature increase. Deratings for other mounting positions on request.

At thermal overload the device will switch-off as soon as the internal temperature exceeds the acceptable level. The exact ambient temperature threshold depends on the mounting position and load of the power supply.

The device is equipped with an overtemperature protection function. It will switch-off as soon as the internal overtemperature protection function is activated.

### **Dimensions**

in mm and inch



CP-S.124/40.0

### **Further documentation**

Document title	Document type	Document number
Electronic relays and controls	Catalog	2CDC110004C0210
Operating and installation instructions CP-S.1	Instruction manual	1SVC320360M0000
CP-S.1 power supply range	Leaflet	1SAC200134W0001

You can find the documentation at www.abb.com/lowvoltage > Automation, Control and Protection > Power supplies.

# **CAD** system files

You can find the CAD files for CAS systems at http:/abb-control-products.partcommunity.com > Low voltage Products & Systems > Control Products > Electronic Relays and Controls.

