

SOFTSTARTER TYPE PSTX

# Fieldbus Communication

## Anybus CompactCom EtherCAT



PREPARED 2024-06-18	STATUS Approved	SECURITY LEVEL Public		
RELEASED 2024-06-19	DOCUMENT KIND Manual			
OWNING ORGANIZATION Smart Power	DOCUMENT ID. 1SFC132382M0201	REV. D	LANG. en	PAGE 1/28

# Contents

<b>1. EtherCAT</b> .....	<b>4</b>
1.1. Anybus module.....	5
1.1.1. Front view .....	6
1.1.2. RUN LED .....	6
1.1.3. ERROR LED.....	6
1.2. Software compatibility.....	7
1.3. Example topology of the EtherCAT link .....	7
1.4. Digital Inputs .....	8
1.5. Programmable Digital Inputs.....	9
1.6. Analog Inputs.....	10
1.7. Programmable Analog Inputs .....	11
1.8. Digital Outputs.....	12
1.9. Analog Outputs .....	14
<b>2. Fieldbus Tasks</b> .....	<b>15</b>
2.1. FBT Control Word.....	15
2.2. Task ID .....	15
2.3. Response ID .....	15
2.4. Error codes .....	16
2.5. Request parameter value, lower word .....	16
2.5.1. Arguments .....	16
2.5.2. Return Value .....	16
2.6. Change parameter value .....	16
2.6.1. Arguments .....	16
2.6.2. Return Value .....	16
2.7. Set date and time .....	17
2.7.1. Arguments .....	17
2.7.2. Return Value .....	17
2.8. Request parameter value, upper word.....	17
2.8.1. Arguments .....	17
2.8.2. Return Value .....	17
2.9. Parameter numbers and values.....	18
2.9.1. Negative values.....	18
<b>3. Configure ABB Automation Builder</b> .....	<b>19</b>
3.1. Create a new project .....	19
3.2. Install the EtherCAT Slave Information (ESI) file.....	20
3.3. Add the CM579-ETHCAT EtherCAT master module and the PSTX Slave .....	21
3.4. Write a simple PLC program to control the softstarter .....	23
3.5. Build and run the PLC demo program.....	27
<b>4. Additional Information</b> .....	<b>28</b>
4.1. Listing of related documents.....	28
<b>5. Contact us</b> .....	<b>28</b>

STATUS	SECURITY LEVEL	DOCUMENT ID.	REV.	LANG.	PAGE
Approved	Public	1SFC132382M0201	D	en	2/28

**Cyber Security Legal Disclaimer**

This product is designed to be connected to and to communicate information and data via a network interface. It is your sole responsibility to provide and continuously ensure a secure connection between the product and your network or any other network (as the case may be). You shall establish and maintain any appropriate measures (such as but not limited to the installation of firewalls, application of authentication measures, encryption of data, installation of anti-virus programs, etc.) to protect the product, the network, its system and the interface against any kind of security breaches, unauthorized access, interference, intrusion, leakage and/or theft of data or information. ABB Ltd and its affiliates are not liable for damages and/or losses related to such security breaches, any unauthorized access, interference, intrusion, leakage and/or theft of data or information.

**Risk Mitigation and Secure Deployment**

The idea is to create defence-in-depth protection for each network by allocating firewall solutions to the front of internal trusted networks of each network by manage firewalls, their configurations and access rules. The softstarter must be positioned in a trusted network, strictly limited and in a hosted portion of a network or control system. Configure firewalls according to the principle of denying everything that is not needed nor used. For secure remote access, use a VPN connection with an encryption layer to create a secure channel over an insecure network. It is recommended to implement a rate limiter either at device or network level. For more information regarding cyber security and risk mitigation, download the document [Cyber security for ABB drives from the ABB library](#).

STATUS	SECURITY LEVEL	DOCUMENT ID.	REV.	LANG.	PAGE
Approved	Public	1SFC132382M0201	D	en	3/28

# 1. EtherCAT

EtherCAT is a Real Time Ethernet technology which aims to maximize the use of the full duplex Ethernet bandwidth. It overcomes the overhead normally associated with Ethernet by employing “on the fly” processing hardware. An EtherCAT bus consists of a master system and up to 65535 slave devices, connected with standard Ethernet cabling. The slave devices process the incoming Ethernet frames directly, extract or insert relevant data and transfer the frame to the next EtherCAT slave device. The last slave device in the bus segment sends the fully processed frame back to the master.

The EtherCAT protocol provides full control and status information of the softstarter, reading as well as writing of parameters. It is possible to start and stop the motor, read out currents and frequency, get information about protections, warnings, faults and much more.

See chapter 8 in the Installation and commissioning manual, document SFC132081M0201 for fieldbus related settings.

Before the EtherCAT communication can be taken in operation following parameters must be set in the softstarter:

- Parameter 12.02 FB interface connector set to **Anybus**.
- Parameter 12.03 Fieldbus control set to **On** (This parameter can be set to **Off** if the fieldbus interface is only used to monitor the softstarter)

Optionally, the following parameter may be set to configure a Station Alias for the device:

- Parameter 12.04 Fieldbus address set to the station alias for this slave device.

---

### INFORMATION



Fieldbus address (parameter 12.04) should be kept at its default value of 0 if a station alias should not be set by the slave device.

After changing any of the communication parameters it is needed to perform a power cycle of the device for the parameter values to be taken into effect. Or another way for a communication parameter value change to be taken into effect is to set parameter 12.2 FB interface connector to “None” and then set it back to “Anybus”.

---

To do the programming of the PLC, the following files are available:

ESI file	Type of file
EtherCAT Anybus M40 v2.1 PSTX Softstarter v1.1.xml	EtherCAT slave information file

---

### INFORMATION



If there is no message passed between the PSTX softstarter and the Anybus module for more than the configured fieldbus failure timeout time (parameter 19.12), the PSTX softstarter will trip on fieldbus communication failure protection (P1E00) and with the default configuration the motor will be stopped. If the communication system is setup in such a way that commands/requests are not continuously passed between the PLC and softstarter, this protection function should be disabled. The parameter 19.4 (Fieldbus failure op) can then be set to “Off”.

---



**Caution!**

The motor may start unexpectedly if there is a start signal present when doing any of the actions listed below.

- Switching from one type of control to another (fieldbus control/hardwire control)
- Reset all Settings



**Information**

When fastening the module into the com1 port, make sure that the module is properly aligned in the socket prior to applying any force. Rough handling and/or excessive force in combination with misalignment may cause mechanical damage to the module and/or the com1 and socket.

## 1.1. Anybus module

The Anybus CompactCom EtherCAT module is connected to the COM 1 interface on the PSTX softstarter. It can be used to control the softstarter, get status information, and to configure softstarter parameters.

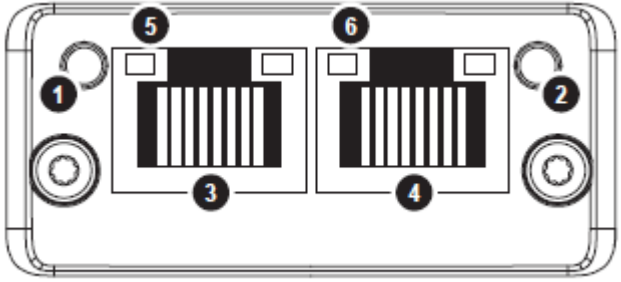


STATUS	SECURITY LEVEL	DOCUMENT ID.	REV.	LANG.	PAGE
Approved	Public	1SFC132382M0201	D	en	5/28

### 1.1.1. Front view

Description of Ports and LEDs.

#	Item
1	RUN LED
2	ERROR LED
3	EtherCAT (IN port)
4	EtherCAT (OUT port)
5	Link/Activity (IN port)
6	Link/Activity (OUT port)



### 1.1.2. RUN LED

This LED reflects the status of the EtherCAT module.

LED State	Indication	Description
Off	INIT	EtherCAT module in 'INIT'-state (or no power)
Green	OPERATIONAL	EtherCAT module in 'OPERATIONAL'-state
Green, blinking	PRE-OPERATIONAL	EtherCAT module in 'PRE-OPERATIONAL'-state
Green, single flash	SAFE-OPERATIONAL	EtherCAT module in 'SAFE-OPERATIONAL'-state
Flickering	BOOT	EtherCAT module in 'BOOT'-state
Red	(Fatal Event)	If RUN and ERR turn red, this indicates a fatal event, forcing the bus interface to a physically passive state. Contact ABB technical support.

### 1.1.3. ERROR LED

LED State	Indication	Description
Off	No error	No error (or no power)
Red, blinking	Invalid configuration	State change received from master is not possible due to invalid register or object settings.
Red, single flash	Unsolicited state change	Slave device application has changed the EtherCAT state autonomously.
Red, double flash	Sync Manager watchdog timeout	The sync manager watchdog is enabled by default in the ESI file, with a default time period of 100 ms.
Red	Application controller failure	Anybus module in EXCEPTION. If RUN and ERR turn red, this indicates a fatal event, forcing the bus interface to a physically passive state. Contact ABB technical support.

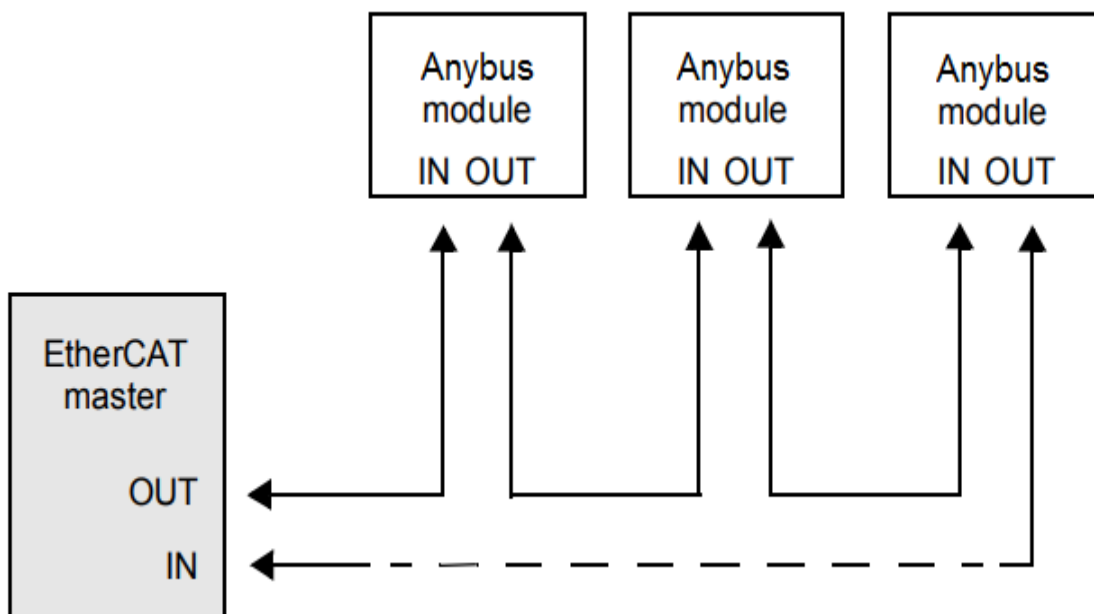
LED State	Indication	Description
Flickering	Booting error detected	E.g. due to firmware download failure.

## 1.2. Software compatibility

EtherCAT is supported from PSTX\_CB v1.39.8.

## 1.3. Example topology of the EtherCAT link

A topology example is shown below.



## 1.4. Digital Inputs

To PLC from softstarter. The input data is updated every 20 ms.

Index	Subindex	Name	Bit	Data	Description
2003h	1	Digital Input Byte1	0	Auto Mode status <sup>1</sup>	0 = Softstarter control through fieldbus communication not allowed 1 = Softstarter control through fieldbus communication allowed
			1	Event status	0 = No active fault/warning/protection 1 = Active fault/warning/protection
			2	Ready to start	0 = A start will probably cause a fault 1 = A start will not cause a fault
			3	FBT Response 0	See section 2 Fieldbus Tasks
			4	FBT Response 1	See section 2 Fieldbus Tasks
			5	FBT Toggle Bit	See section 2 Fieldbus Tasks
			6	Programmable Digital Input 1	Function of programmable digital input, see section 1.3
	2	Digital Input Byte2	7	Programmable Digital Input 2	
			8 (0)	Programmable Digital Input 3	
			9 (1)	Programmable Digital Input 4	
			10 (2)	Programmable Digital Input 5	
			11 (3)	Programmable Digital Input 6	
			12 (4)	Programmable Digital Input 7	
			13 (5)	Programmable Digital Input 8	
			14 (6)	Programmable Digital Input 9	
		15 (7)	Programmable Digital Input 10		

<sup>1)</sup> Auto mode reflects the control state of the softstarter. This is affected by a combination of:

- The Auto mode input signal from the PLC (Digital output telegram).
- The state of the Local/Remote switch on the HMI.
- The parameter "Fieldbus control".
- The digital input "Fieldbus disable".

## 1.5. Programmable Digital Inputs

The functions of the programmable Digital inputs are controlled by the parameters Fieldbus DI 1 through Fieldbus DI 10. The following functions are available for selection:

Function	Data
None	Value is set to 0
Start feedback	Status of Start signal
Stop feedback	Status of Stop signal
Fault reset feedback	Status of Reset signal
Slow speed reverse feedback	Status of Slow speed reverse signal
Slow speed forward feedback	Status of Slow speed forward signal
Start 1 feedback	Status of Start 1 signal
Start 2 feedback	Status of Start 2 signal
Start 3 feedback	Status of Start 3 signal
Motor heating feedback	Status Motor heating signal
User defined feedback	Status of User defined protection signal
Stand still brake feedback	Status of Stand still brake signal
Emergency mode feedback	Status of Emergency mode signal
Start reverse feedback	Status of Start reverse signal
Run status	1 = Indicates when the softstarter gives voltage to the motor
TOR status	Top of Ramp. 1 = Indicates that motor runs on full voltage
Line	Line or Inside Delta Connection; 0 = Line, 1 = Delta.
Phase sequence	0 = L1, L2, L3; 1 = L1, L3, L2
Event group 0 status	0 = No active events present in group 0
Event group 1 status	0 = No active events present in group 1
Event group 2 status	0 = No active events present in group 2
Event group 3 status	0 = No active events present in group 3
Event group 4 status	0 = No active events present in group 4
Event group 5 status	0 = No active events present in group 5
Event group 6 status	0 = No active events present in group 6
Sequence 1 Run status	Run status of sequence connected motor 1
Sequence 2 Run status	Run status of sequence connected motor 2
Sequence 3 Run status	Run status of sequence connected motor 3
Sequence 1 TOR status	Top of Ramp status of sequence connected motor 1
Sequence 2 TOR status	Top of Ramp status of sequence connected motor 2
Sequence 3 TOR status	Top of Ramp status of sequence connected motor 3
Run reverse status	1 = Indicates when the softstarter gives voltage to the motor after a reverse start
Enable status	Status of Enable signal
Digital In0 status	Status of internal digital input In0

Function	Data
Digital In1 status	Status of internal digital input In1
Digital In2 status	Status of internal digital input In2
Local control status	0 = Remote control, 1 = Local control (HMI)
Cancel brake feedback	Status of Cancel brake signal
Pump cleaning auto status	Status of automatic pump cleaning
Pump cleaning forward status	Status of forward pump cleaning
Pump cleaning backward status	Status of reverse pump cleaning
External digital 1DI0 status	Status of external digital input 1DI0
External digital 1DI1 status	Status of external digital input 1DI1
External digital 1DI2 status	Status of external digital input 1DI2
External digital 1DI3 status	Status of external digital input 1DI3
External digital 1DI4 status	Status of external digital input 1DI4
External digital 2DI5 status	Status of external digital input 2DI5
External digital 2DI6 status	Status of external digital input 2DI6
External digital 2DI7 status	Status of external digital input 2DI7
HW DI Start status	Status of the hard wire internal digital input Start
HW DI Stop status	Status of the hard wire internal digital input Stop
Ready to start (line contactor)	Same conditions as the Ready to Start bit except that the incoming three phase voltage condition is excluded. The bit can be used when a line contactor is connected

## 1.6. Analog Inputs

To PLC from the softstarter.

All analog data is represented as 16-bit values. The input data is updated every 20 ms.

A protocol for Fieldbus tasks is used to read and write parameters. It is applicable for all Fieldbuses.

Index	Subindex	Name	Data	Representation
2004h	1	AnalogInputWord1	FBT Return Value	See section 2 Fieldbus Tasks
	2	AnalogInputWord2	Programmable Analog Input 1	Function of programmable analog input, see section 1.5
	3	AnalogInputWord3	Programmable Analog Input 2	
	4	AnalogInputWord4	Programmable Analog Input 3	
	5	AnalogInputWord5	Programmable Analog Input 4	
	6	AnalogInputWord6	Programmable Analog Input 5	
	7	AnalogInputWord7	Programmable Analog Input 6	
	8	AnalogInputWord8	Programmable Analog Input 7	
	9	AnalogInputWord9	Programmable Analog Input 8	
	10	AnalogInputWord10	Programmable Analog Input 9	
	11	AnalogInputWord11	Programmable Analog Input 10	

## 1.7. Programmable Analog Inputs

The functions of the programmable analog inputs are controlled by the parameters Fieldbus AI 1 through Fieldbus AI 10. The following functions are available for selection:

Function	Representation
None	Value is set to 0
Phase L1 current <sup>1</sup>	Value = 1000 ⇒ 100A
Phase L2 current <sup>1</sup>	Value = 1000 ⇒ 100A
Phase L3 current <sup>1</sup>	Value = 1000 ⇒ 100A
Active power (hp)	Value = 1000 ⇒ 10hp
Active power	Value = 1000 ⇒ 10kW
Apparent power	Value = 1000 ⇒ 10kVA
Mains voltage	Value = 1000 ⇒ 100V
Power factor	Value = 100 ⇒ 1 Example: 87 ⇒ 0.87
Motor voltage	Value = 100 ⇒ 100%
Active energy (resettable)	Value = 1000 ⇒ 10kWh
EOL time to trip	Value = 100 ⇒ 100s Value = 65535 ⇒ No overload Value = 0 ⇒ Trip already occurred
Mains frequency	Value = 1000 ⇒ 100Hz
Max phase current <sup>1</sup>	Value = 1000 ⇒ 100A
Motor current	Value = 1000 ⇒ 100A
Motor run time (resettable)	Value = 100 ⇒ 1000h
Motor temperature	Value = 100 ⇒ 100°C
Motor temperature percent	Value = 100 ⇒ 100%
Number of starts (resettable)	Value = 1 ⇒ 100
Phase sequence	Value = 0 ⇒ L1->L2->L3 Value = 1 ⇒ L1->L3->L2 Value = 2 ⇒ No sequence detected
PT100 temperature	Value = n ⇒ n/10 – 50°C Example: 750 ⇒ 25°C
PTC resistance	Value = 100 ⇒ 100Ω
Reactive energy (resettable)	Value = 1000 ⇒ 10kVARh
Reactive power	Value = 1000 ⇒ 100kVAr
Remaining time to start	Value = 100 ⇒ 100s
Thyristor temperature	Value = 100 ⇒ 100°C
Thyristor temperature percent	Value = 100 ⇒ 100%
EOL time to cool	Value = 100 ⇒ 100s
Top event code	Value = 1000 ⇒ 1000
Motor current in percent of IE.	Value = 100 ⇒ 100%
Thyristor run time (resettable)	Value = 1 ⇒ 10h

Function	Representation
Motor connection	Value = 0 ⇒ auto Value = 1 ⇒ In-line Value = 2 ⇒ Inside delta – UI Value = 3 ⇒ Inside delta – IU Value = 4 ⇒ 2-phase L1 shorted Value = 5 ⇒ 2-phase L2 shorted Value = 6 ⇒ 2-phase L3 shorted
Phase L1 current high range <sup>2</sup>	Value = 100 ⇒ 100A
Phase L2 current high range <sup>2</sup>	Value = 100 ⇒ 100A
Phase L3 current high range <sup>2</sup>	Value = 100 ⇒ 100A
Active power (hp) high range <sup>2</sup>	Value = 100 ⇒ 100hp
Active power high range <sup>2</sup>	Value = 100 ⇒ 100kW
Apparent power high range <sup>2</sup>	Value = 100 ⇒ 100kVA
Reactive power high range <sup>2</sup>	Value = 100 ⇒ 100kVAr
Max phase current high range <sup>2</sup>	Value = 100 ⇒ 100A
Max motor current high range <sup>2</sup>	Value = 100 ⇒ 100A
Active energy high range <sup>2</sup>	Value = 1 ⇒ 10000kWh
Reactive energy high range <sup>2</sup>	Value = 1 ⇒ 10000kVArh
Number of starts (high precision)	Value = 1 ⇒ 1

<sup>1)</sup> Phase current L1, L2 and L3 indicate the current through the softstarter, while the Max phase current is always the line current.

<sup>2)</sup> High Range alternatives are available for a few signals where there is a possibility for the values to wrap. The values are 16-bit so the maximum value for each signal is 65535. The High Range alternatives have different scaling and will never wrap around but instead have lower precision.

## 1.8. Digital Outputs

From PLC to the softstarter.

Index	Subindex	Name	Bit	Data	Description
2001h	1	DigitalOut- putByte1	0	Start	Commence a start when signal is set
			1	Stop	Commence a stop when signal is negated
			2	Fault reset	Reset signal for possible events
			3	Auto mode	This must be set for controlling the motor
			4	Slow speed reverse	Perform slow speed reverse when signal is set
			5	Slow speed forward	Perform slow speed when signal is set
			6	Spare	
			7	Start1	Start1 if sequence start

Index	Subindex	Name	Bit	Data	Description
2	DigitalOut- putByte2		8 (0)	Start2	Start2 if sequence start
			9 (1)	Start3	Start3 if sequence start
			10 (2)	Motor heat- ing	Perform motor heating when signal is set
			11 (3)	Stand still brake	Perform stand still brake when signal is set
			12 (4)	Start reverse	Commence a reverse start when signal is set
			13 (5)	Spare	
			14 (6)	Emergency mode	Set to "1" to enable emer- gency mode
			15 (7)	FBT Toggle Bit	See Fieldbus Tasks
3	DigitalOut- putByte3		16 (0)	User defined trip	Set to "1" to trigger user de- fined protection
			17 (1)	Switch to re- mote control	Switch to remote control when signal is set (rising edge triggered)
			18 (2)	Pump clean- ing auto- matic	Perform automatic pump cleaning when signal is set
			19 (3)	Pump clean- ing forward	Perform forward pump cleaning when signal is set
			20 (4)	Pump clean- ing reverse	Perform reverse pump cleaning when signal is set
			21 (5)	K4 relay com- mand	Set "1" to activate the inter- nal K4 output relay. Note that parameter 10.4 K4 function has to be set as "Fieldbus"
			22 (6)	K5 relay com- mand	Set "1" to activate the inter- nal K5 output relay. Note that parameter 10.5 K5 function has to be set as "Fieldbus"
23 (7)	K6 relay com- mand	Set "1" to activate the inter- nal K6 output relay. Note that parameter 10.6 K6 function has to be set as "Fieldbus"			
4	DigitalOut- putByte4		24 (0)	1DO0 relay command	Set "1" to activate the exter- nal 1DO0 output relay. Note that parameter 11.9 1DO0 function has to be set as "Fieldbus"
			25 (1)	1DO1 relay command	Set "1" to activate the exter- nal 1DO1 output relay. Note that parameter 11.10 1DO1 function has to be set as "Fieldbus"

Index	Subindex	Name	Bit	Data	Description
			26 (2)	2DO2 relay command	Set "1" to activate the external 2DO2 output relay. Note that parameter 11.11 2DO2 function has to be set as "Fieldbus"
			27 (3)	2DO3 relay command	Set "1" to activate the external 2DO3 output relay. Note that parameter 11.12 2DO3 function has to be set as "Fieldbus"
			28 (4)	Refresh parameters	Restart fieldbus interface to refresh communication parameters
			29 (5)	Spare	
			30 (6)	Spare	
			31 (7)	Spare	

## 1.9. Analog Outputs

From PLC to the softstarter.

All analog data is represented as 16-bit values.

Index	Subindex	Name	Data	Representation
2002h	1	AnalogOutput-Word1	FBT Control Word	This register is used to read parameters (see fieldbus tasks)
	2	AnalogOutput-Word2	Fieldbus AO 1 (FBT Argument 2 or Internal analog output)	Parameter 12.37 Fieldbus AO1 decides the use of this register. If set as "FBT Argument 2", it is used to write parameters and set time (see fieldbus tasks). If set as "Internal analog output" this value of this register controls the internal analog output. Note that parameter 10.8 AO type needs to be set as "Fieldbus [%]"
	3	AnalogOutput-Word3	Fieldbus AO 2 (FBT Argument 3 or External analog output)	Parameter 12.38 Fieldbus AO2 decides the use of this register. If set as "FBT Argument 3", it is used to write parameters and set time (see fieldbus tasks). If set as "External analog output" this value of this register controls the external analog output. Note that parameter 11.14 1AO0 type needs to be set as "Fieldbus [%]"

STATUS	SECURITY LEVEL	DOCUMENT ID.	REV.	LANG.	PAGE
Approved	Public	1SFC132382M0201	D	en	14/28

## 2. Fieldbus Tasks

By using Fieldbus tasks it is possible to read/write parameters and to set the real-time clock.

Which task to execute is selected by filling in the FBT Control Word. There are three signals for arguments to the task:

- FBT Argument 1 is packed together with the Task ID in the FBT Control Word.
- There are two additional 16-bit arguments in separate analog output signals, FBT Argument 2 and FBT Argument 3.

To control when the task is executed, the digital output signal FBT Toggle Bit shall be changed. The softstarter will detect the change, execute the task, fill in the return values, and toggle the digital input signal FBT Toggle Bit as acknowledgement. Thus, the return values must be disregarded if the two toggle bits have different value.

### 2.1. FBT Control Word

The control word is a 16-bit analog output value sent from the PLC to the softstarter. It consists of a Task ID and an 11-bit argument packed together.

<b>15</b>	<b>14, 13, 12,</b>	<b>11</b>	<b>10, 9, 8, 7, 6, 5, 4, 3, 2, 1, 0</b>
-	Task ID	-	Argument 1

### 2.2. Task ID

The task identifier controls which function should be performed.

Task ID	Task	Response ID	
		Positive	Negative
0	No task	0	-
1	Request parameter value, lower word	1	2
2	Change parameter value	1	2
3	Set date and time	1	2
4	Request parameter value, upper word	1	2

### 2.3. Response ID

The response ID is the softstarter response to a task. It tells whether a task was executed successfully. If there was an error, an additional error code is returned in the FBT Return Value analog input. The Response ID is transmitted as two digital input signals, FBT Response 0 and FBT Response 1.

Response ID	FBT Response 1	FBT Response 0	Explanation
0	0	0	No response
1	0	1	Task executed
2	1	0	Task cannot be executed (with error number)
3	1	1	Reserved.

## 2.4. Error codes

The following error codes are sent when a task cannot be executed.

Error code	Explanation
0	Illegal parameter number
1	Parameter value cannot be changed
3	Lower or upper limit violated
4	Invalid argument
5	No error
6	Invalid task number

## 2.5. Request parameter value, lower word

This task reads the lower 16 bits of the specified parameter's value. See chapter 2.9 for parameter number and value scaling information.

### 2.5.1. Arguments

- FBT Argument 1: parameter number.

### 2.5.2. Return Value

- Response ID 1 and parameter value in FBT Return Value on success.
- Response ID 2 and error number in FBT Return Value on failure.

## 2.6. Change parameter value

This task writes a specified value to a parameter. See chapter 2.9 for parameter number and value scaling information.

### 2.6.1. Arguments

- FBT Argument 1: parameter number.
- FBT Argument 2: parameter value (lower word).
- FBT Argument 3: parameter value (upper word).

### 2.6.2. Return Value

- Response ID 1 on success.
- Response ID 2 and error number in FBT Return Value on failure.

## 2.7. Set date and time

This task updates the real-time clock on the softstarter. The date and time fields have the following limits:

- Year: 0-63 (2000-2063)
- Month: 1-12
- Day: 1-31
- Hour: 0-23
- Minute: 0-59
- Second: 0-59

### 2.7.1. Arguments

FBT Argument 2: year, month, day and least significant bit of seconds

<b>15</b>	<b>14, 13, 12, 11, 10, 9</b>	<b>8, 7, 6, 5</b>	<b>4, 3, 2, 1, 0</b>
s0	year	month	day

FBT Argument 3: hour, minute, seconds, bit 1-5

<b>15, 14, 13, 12, 11</b>	<b>10, 9, 8, 7, 6, 5</b>	<b>4, 3, 2, 1, 0</b>
Hour	minute	seconds, bit 1-5

### 2.7.2. Return Value

- Response ID 1 on success.
- Response ID 2 and error number in FBT Return Value on failure. In case the supplied time didn't differ from the set time, error code 5 (no error) is used.

## 2.8. Request parameter value, upper word

This task reads the upper 16 bits of the specified parameter's value. See chapter 2.9 for parameter number and value scaling information.

### 2.8.1. Arguments

- FBT Argument 1: parameter number.

### 2.8.2. Return Value

- Response ID 1 and parameter value in FBT Return Value on success.
- Response ID 2 and error number in FBT Return Value on failure.

## 2.9. Parameter numbers and values

To access parameters from the fieldbus a unique parameter number is needed, this can be found in document 1SFC132081M0201, Chapter 7.25 Complete parameter list. Since the parameter values need to be represented as integers on the fieldbus, the parameter values with greater precision need to be scaled. In document 1SFC132081M0201, Chapter 7.25 Complete parameter list, there is a column specifying the number of decimals for each parameter.

- Parameter values that are read from the fieldbus needs to be divided by  $10^{\text{numbers of decimals}}$ .
- Parameter values that are written from the fieldbus needs to be multiplied by  $10^{\text{numbers of decimals}}$ .

**For example:**

The parameter Kick start time has parameter number 24 and 2 decimals. To read this parameter:

1. Set FBT Task ID to 1.
2. Set FBT Argument 1 to 24 to specify the parameter.
3. Toggle FBT Toggle Bit output and wait for the FBT Toggle Bit input to update.
4. Response ID 1 should now contain value 1, indicating success.
5. FBT Return Value contains the value 50 (this is an example and depends on the actual value set).
6. The return value should be interpreted as  $50/10^2 = 0.5s$ .

**To change the Kick start time parameter to 1s:**

1. Set FBT Task ID to 2 for Change parameter value.
2. Set FBT Argument 1 to 24 to specify the parameter.
3. Set FBT Argument 2 to  $1 \cdot 10^2 = 100$ .
4. Set FBT Argument 3 to 0 as  $100 \leq 65535$  which means it doesn't require more than 16 bits.
5. Toggle FBT Toggle Bit output and wait for the FBT Toggle Bit input to update.
6. Response ID 1 should now contain value 1, indicating success.

### 2.9.1. Negative values

Negative values are represented internally using 32-bit two's complement numbers.

**Example:**

Setting parameter 17.5 PT100 reset temp (parameter number 249) to a value of -25°C:

The two's complement of -25 is FFFFFFFE<sub>hex</sub>. The upper word is FFFF<sub>hex</sub> and the lower FFE7<sub>hex</sub>, in decimal notation 65535 and 65511.

- Set FBT Task ID to 2 for Change parameter value.
- Set FBT Argument 1 to 249 to specify the parameter.
- Set FBT Argument 2 to 65511 to specify the lower word.
- Set FBT Argument 3 to 65535 to specify the upper word.
- Toggle FBT Toggle Bit output and wait for the FBT Toggle Bit input to update.
- Response ID 1 should now contain value 1, indicating success.

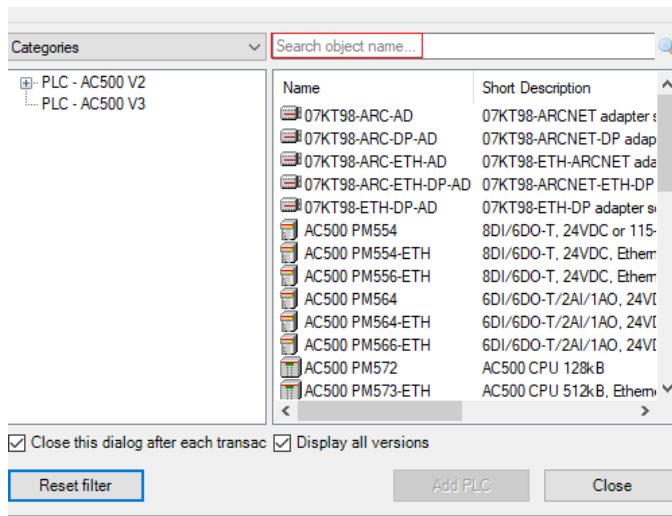
STATUS	SECURITY LEVEL	DOCUMENT ID.	REV.	LANG.	PAGE
Approved	Public	1SFC132382M0201	D	en	18/28

### 3. Configure ABB Automation Builder

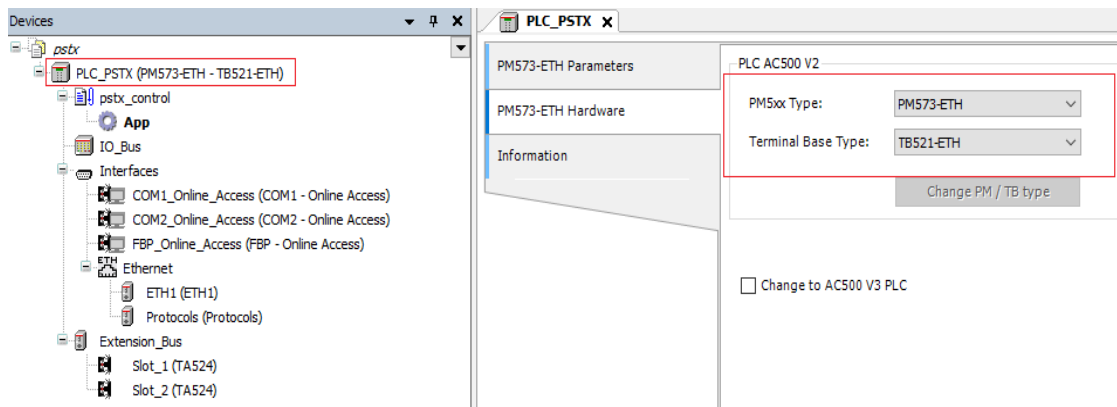
This part of the document describes how to configure an ABB AC500 PLC using the CM579-ETHCAT module to control a PSTX softstarter with an Anybus EtherCAT module.

#### 3.1. Create a new project

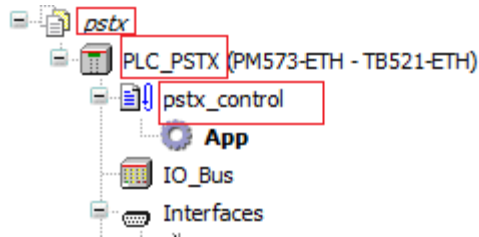
1. Open Automation Builder
2. Select File->New Project->AC500 project->OK
3. Select the correct PLC CPU in Search object name ...-> Add PLC.



4. Check that the correct device type is selected by double clicking the device name in Devices field. Check that the correct Terminal Base Type is also selected for the tag for Hardware.

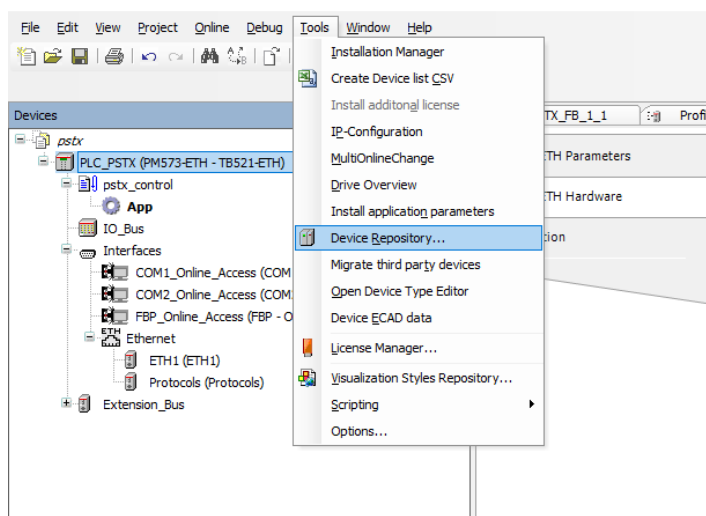


- Optional: rename the project and the Application to some more suitable names for example “pstx” and “pstx\_control”

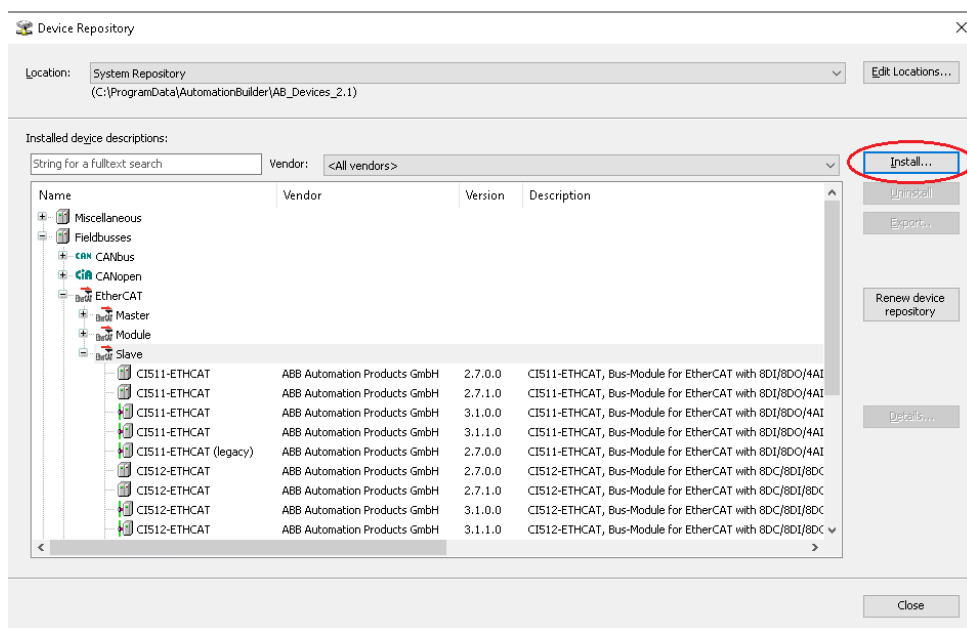


### 3.2. Install the EtherCAT Slave Information (ESI) file

- In the Tools menu select Device Repository

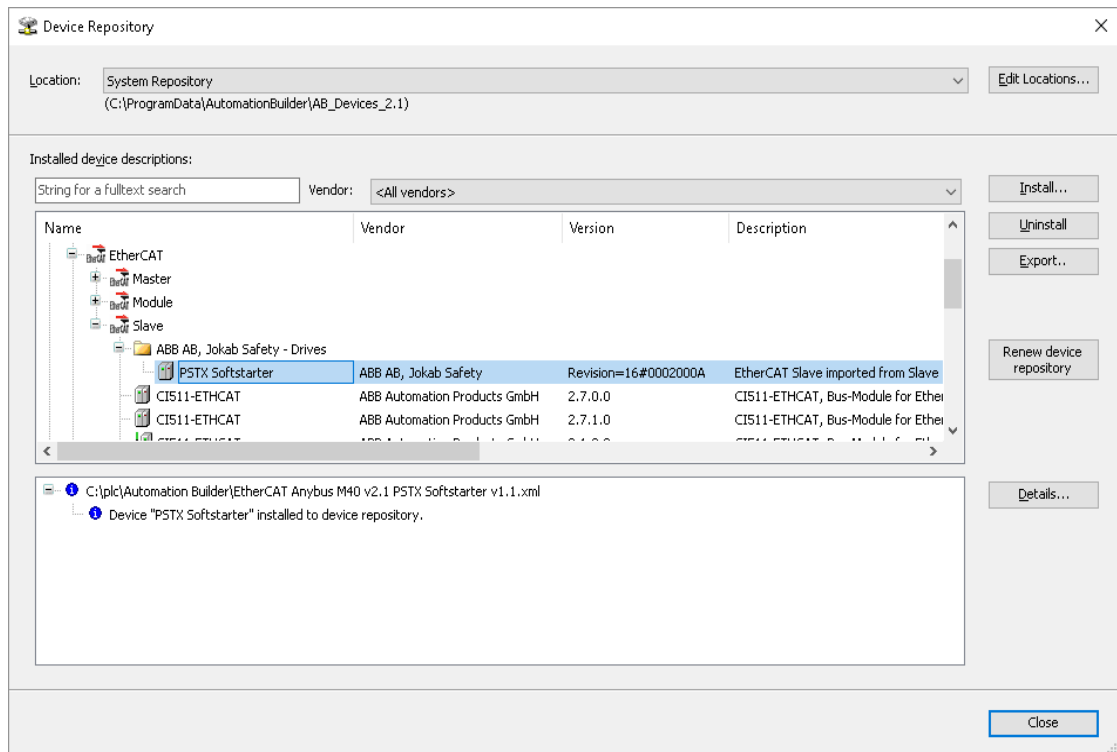


- Click Install



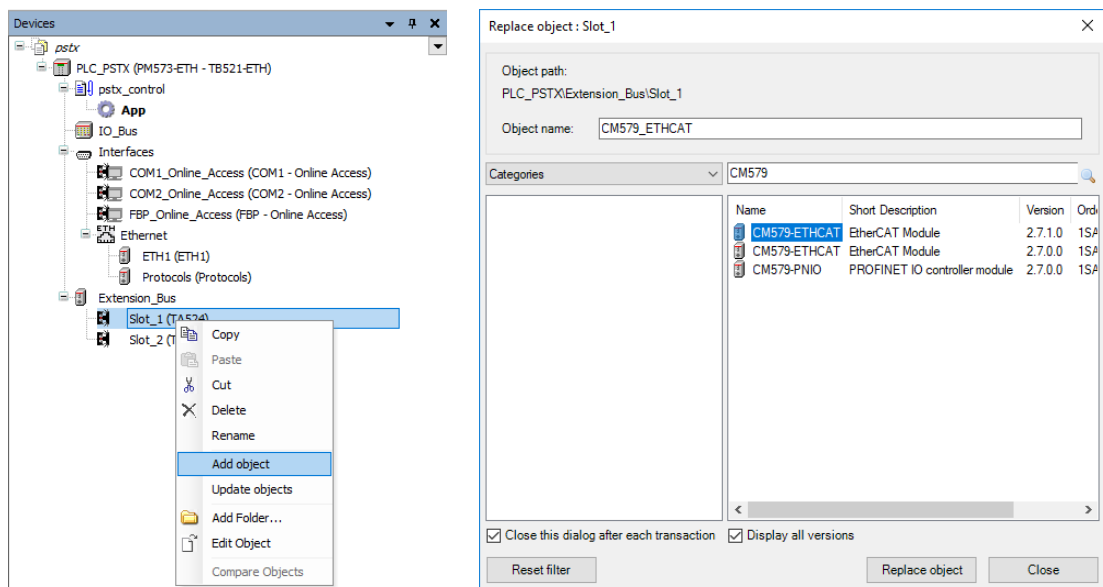
STATUS	SECURITY LEVEL	DOCUMENT ID.	REV.	LANG.	PAGE
Approved	Public	1SFC132382M0201	D	en	20/28

3. Select the EDS-file: EtherCAT Anybus M40 v2.1 PSTX Softstarter v1.1.xml.



### 3.3. Add the CM579-ETHCAT EtherCAT master module and the PSTX Slave

1. Right click on the empty slot where the CM579 module is installed and select Add object. Then select CM579-ETHCAT in the Replace object window. Click "Replace object" to close the Replace object window

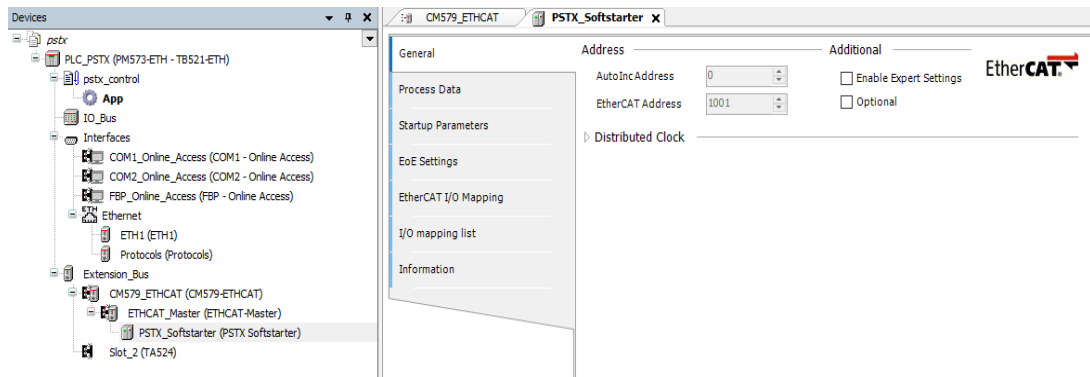


2. Right click on the newly installed ETHCAT\_Master and select Add object

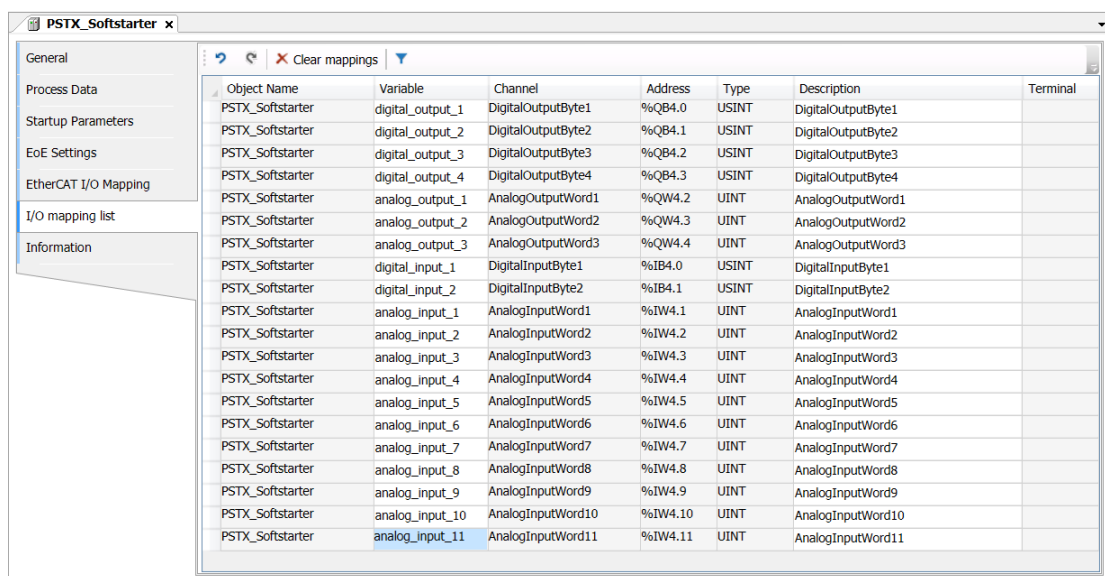
3. Select PSTX Softstarter and click Add object

Name	Short Description	Version	Order Number
CI511-ETHCAT	8DI/8DO/4AI/2AO EtherCAT Slave	2.7.1.0	1SAP220900R0001
CI511-ETHCAT (legacy)	8DI/8DO/4AI/2AO EtherCAT Slave	2.7.0.0	1SAP220900R0001
CI512-ETHCAT	8DI/8DO/8DC EtherCAT Slave	2.7.1.0	1SAP221000R0001
CI512-ETHCAT (legacy)	8DI/8DO/8DC EtherCAT Slave	2.7.0.0	1SAP221000R0001
PSTX Softstarter	Revision=16#0002000A PSTX Softstarter		

4. The PSTX softstarter is now added, the default setting should work.



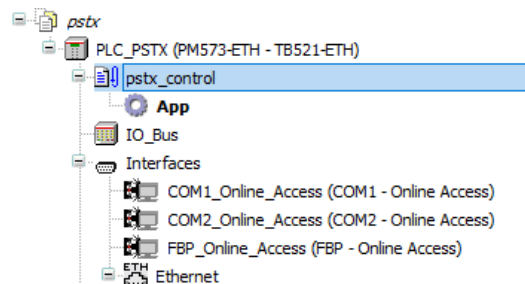
5. Map the signals to variable names



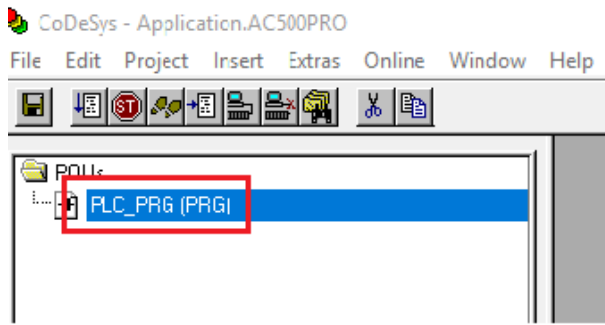
### 3.4. Write a simple PLC program to control the softstarter

We perform the following steps for building our start-stop demo program in CoDeSys.

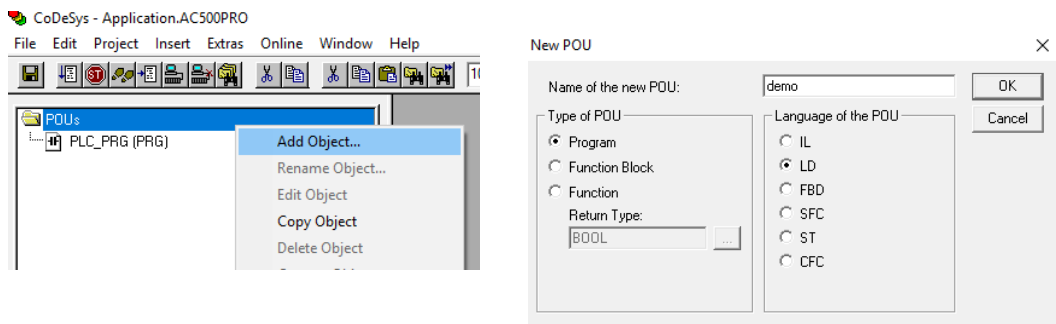
1. Open CoDeSys by double clicking your application in Devices file in Automation Builder, if it is not opened yet.



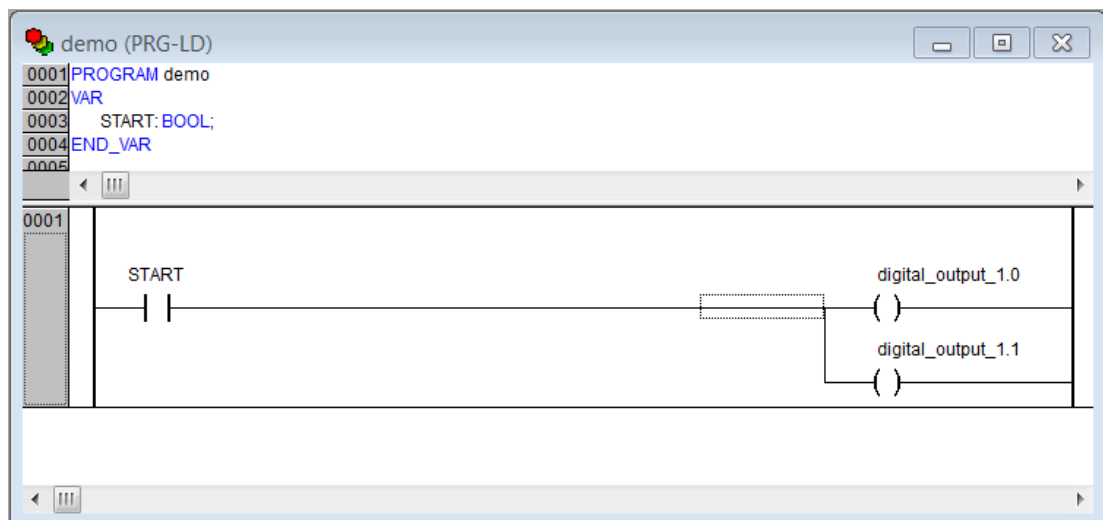
- Open program window by double clicking the default program in POU's in CoDeSys.



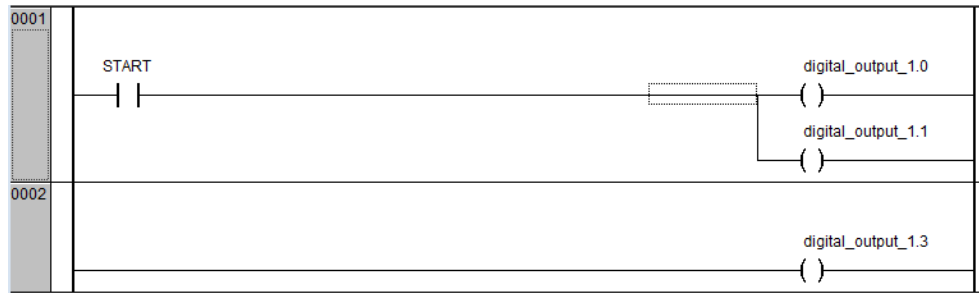
- We choose to use LD as the language of the POU here by right click POU's -> Add Object...->Insert Name of the new POU -> Choose "LD" for "Language of the POU" -> OK.



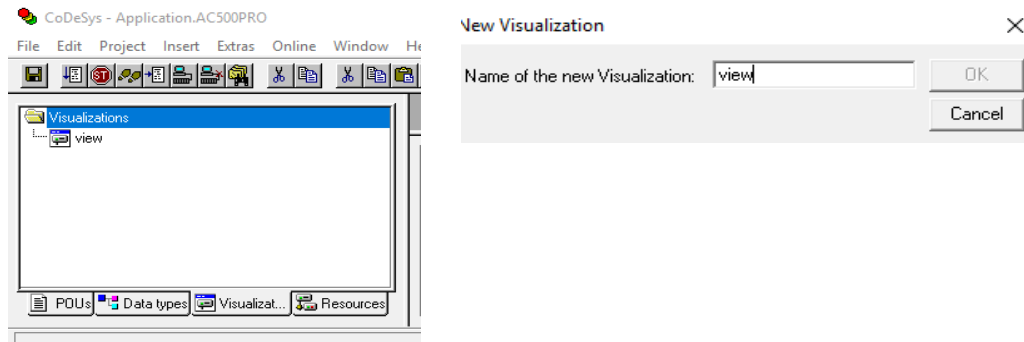
- Select the first network, create a contact "START" (by CTRL+K and putting name at "???" ) and two coils "digital\_output\_1.0" and "digital\_output\_1.1" (by CTRL+L) in first network. We let data types as default by clicking OK directly in Declare Variable window. We set digital\_output\_1 bit 0 and 1 because we want to set TRUE for "Start" and "Stop", according to Section 1.8. The name digital\_output\_1 comes from end of Section 3.3 (map signals to variable names).




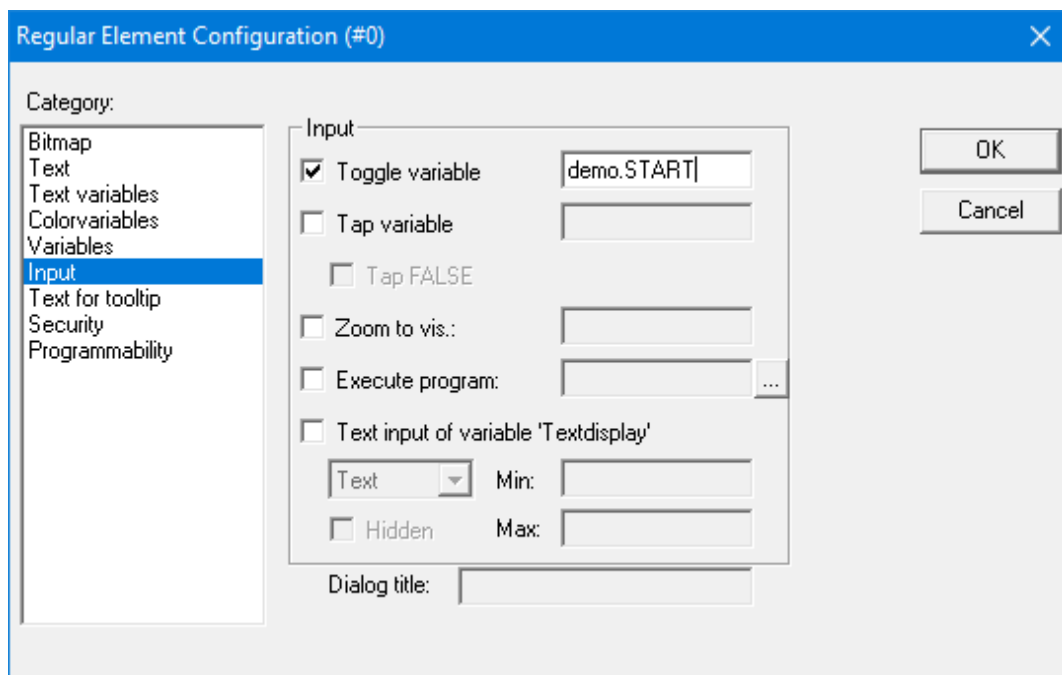
5. Create a second network by CTRL+T
6. Select the second network, add a coil for automode “digital\_output\_1.3” (by CTRL+L).



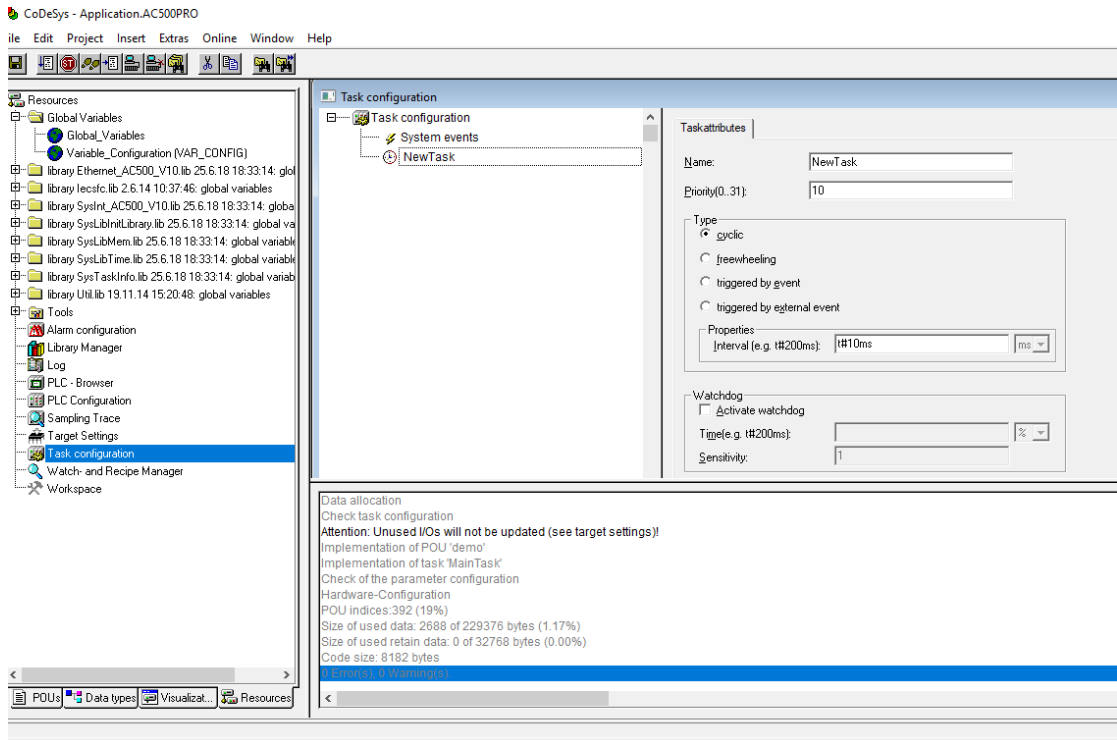
7. Now we want to create one control button for signing the value of “START” from the first network into TRUE. We do this by Visualization -> right click -> Add object -> Write name of the new Visualization as “view” -> OK.



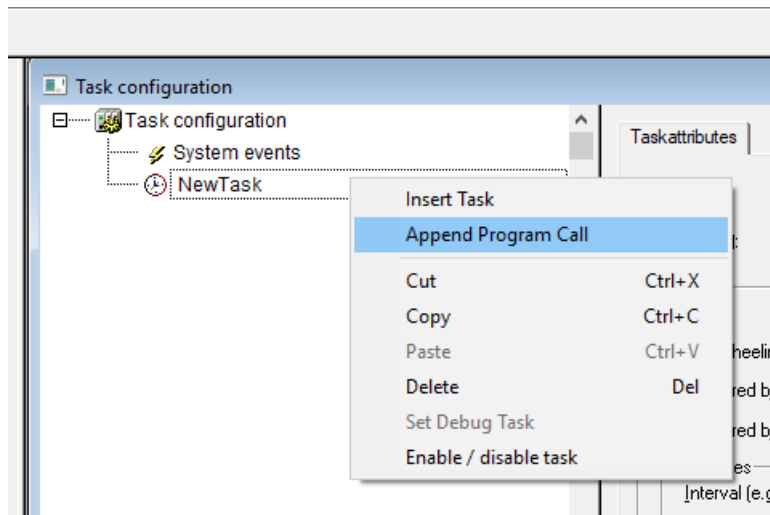
8. We draw a shape as the button  -> double click the shape -> Regular Element Configuration -> Input -> check Toggle variable -> insert “demo.START” ->OK.



- We configure this program into task configuration by Resource -> Task configuration -> Right click Task configuration -> Append Task -> Insert t#10ms in Properties in Taskattributes. Then we need to sign our program to this task by right click NewTask-> Append Program Call-> Choose demo(PRG) by clicking the select button in Program Call ->OK.

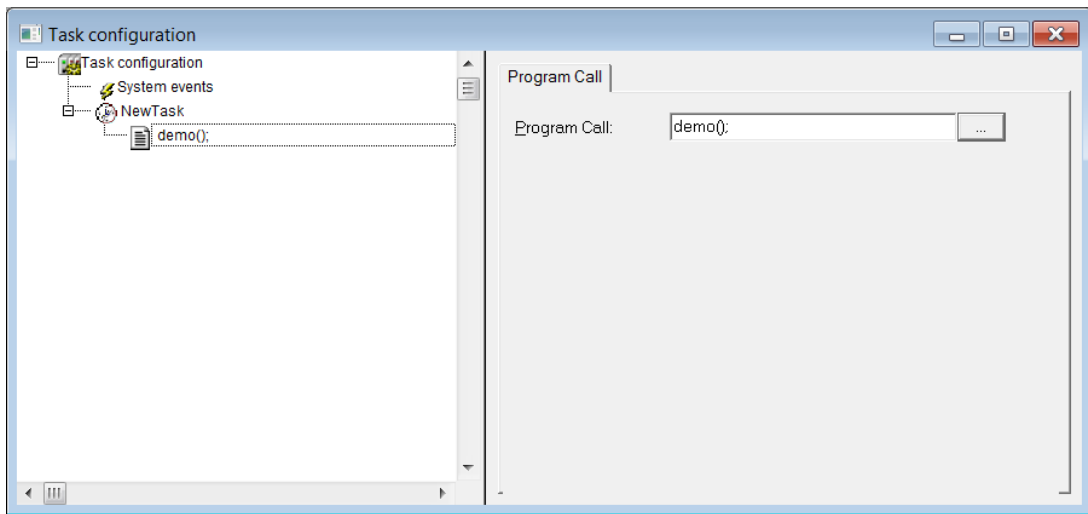


- Right click on the NewTask and select Append Program Call.



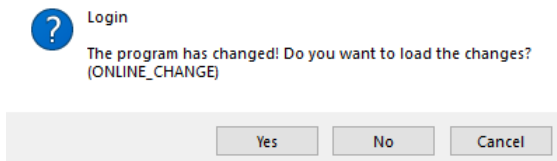
STATUS	SECURITY LEVEL	DOCUMENT ID.	REV.	LANG.	PAGE
Approved	Public	1SFC132382M0201	D	en	26/28

11. Select the demo program call.

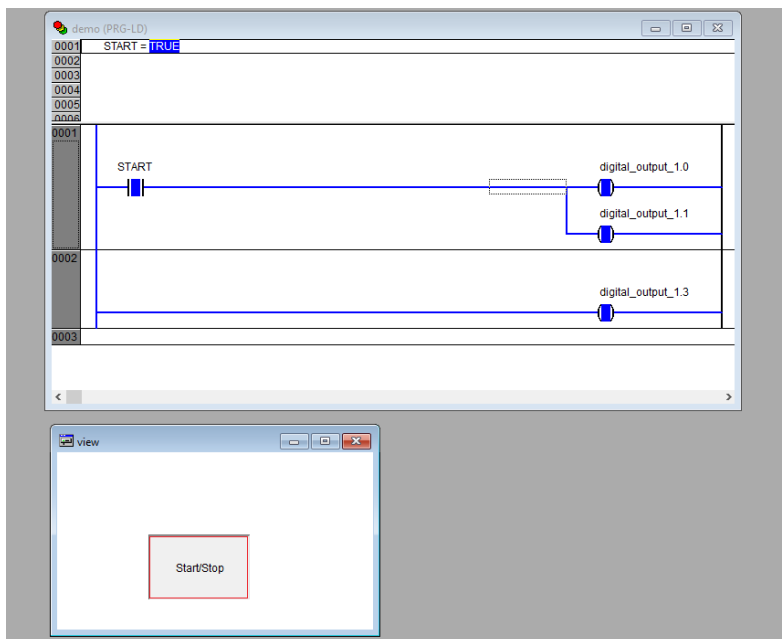


### 3.5. Build and run the PLC demo program

Use the key, F11, to build the program once. Login and start project from Automation Builder by clicking Alt+F8 to login the CodeSys. Click yes to login.



Click F5 to start. Switch to CoDeSys and click Alt+F8 to login demo. The program can be controlled with the view from CodeSys.



## 4. Additional Information

### 4.1. Listing of related documents

Ref #	Document Kind, Title	Document No.
1	PSTX – Installation and commissioning manual	1SFC132081M0201

## 5. Contact us

For more information, please contact your local ABB representative or visit <https://solutions.abb/softstarters>.

STATUS	SECURITY LEVEL	DOCUMENT ID.	REV.	LANG.	PAGE
Approved	Public	1SFC132382M0201	D	en	28/28