


# PRODUCT ENVIRONMENTAL PROFILE

## Environmental Product Declaration

ABB YU / YU-C Coils (CN)

November 2024



|  |  |  |  |
|--|--|--|--|
| REGISTRATION NUMBER<br>ABBG-00387-V01.01-EN  |  | IN COMPLIANCE WITH PCR-ED4-EN-2021 09 06<br>SUPPLEMENTED BY PSR-0005-ED3.1-EN-2023 12 08 |  |
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|   |  |
|---|--|
| <b>EPD Owner</b>                        | ABB S.p.A., located at Via Luciano Lama, 33, Sesto San Giovanni (MI), Italy<br>www.abb.com   |
| <b>Manufacturer name and address</b>    | ABB Xiamen<br>G48G+95R, Huli District, Xiamen, Fujian, China, 361015   |
| <b>Company contacts</b>                 | EPD_ELSP@in.abb.com  |
| <b>Reference product</b>                | YU-C XT5-XT6 F/P 220-240Vac-220-250Vdc   |
| <b>Description of the product</b>       | Tmax XT and Emax 2 coils are used to remotely open and close circuit breakers. These coils are mounted inside circuit breakers and housed in designated locations. Coils up to Tmax XT XT6 are available in both uncabled and cabled versions to provide maximum flexibility for users, while coils for Tmax XT XT7-XT7M and Emax 2 are available in a single configuration. |
| <b>Functional unit</b>                  | The functional unit to this study is a single Coil Accessory to allow Opening or Closing the circuit of a TMAX XT series of molded case circuit breaker and Emax 2 E1.2 to E6.2 ACB over a 20-year period, with a nominal voltage of 12Vdc to 525 Vac used in this analysis.   |
| <b>Other products covered</b>           | YU/YU-C XT5-XT6 12Vdc-550Vac, YU/ YU-C XT5/XT6 FP/W 12Vdc-550Vac   |
| <b>Reference lifetime</b>               | 20 years   |
| <b>Product category</b>                 | other equipment 'Passive product - continuous operation'   |
| <b>Use Scenario</b>                     | Load rate: -<br>Use time rate: 30% of RLT  |
| <b>Geographical representative-ness</b> | Raw materials & Manufacturing: [Global]<br>Assembly: [Global]<br>Distribution / Use: [Global] specific sales mix<br>EoL: [Global]  |
| <b>Technological representativeness</b> | Materials and processes data are specific to the production of<br>YU-C XT5-XT6 F/P 220-240Vac-220-250Vdc   |
| <b>LCA Study</b>                        | This study is based on the LCA study described in the LCA report 1SDH002453A1001   |
| <b>EPD type</b>                         | Product Family Declaration   |
| <b>EPD scope</b>                        | "Cradle to grave"  |
| <b>Year of reported primary data</b>    | 2022   |
| <b>LCA software</b>                     | SimaPro 9.6.0.1 (2024)   |
| <b>LCI database</b>                     | Ecoinvent v3.10.1 (2024)   |
| <b>LCIA methodology</b>                 | EN 15804:2012+A2:2019  |

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## ABB Purpose & Embedding Sustainability

ABB is a leading global technology company that energizes the transformation of society and industry to achieve a more productive, sustainable future. By connecting software to its electrification, robotics, automation and motion portfolio, ABB pushes the boundaries of technology to drive performance to new levels. With a history of excellence stretching back more than 130 years, ABB's success is driven by about 105 thousand talented employees in over 100 countries.

ABB's Electrification business offers a wide-ranging portfolio of products, digital solutions and services, from substation to socket, enabling safe, smart and sustainable electrification. Offerings encompass digital and connected innovations for low voltage and medium voltage, including EV infrastructure, solar inverters, modular substations, distribution automation, power protection, wiring accessories, switchgear, enclosures, cabling, sensing and control. ABB is committed to continually promoting and embedding sustainability across its operations and value chain, aspiring to become a role model for others to follow. With its ABB Purpose, ABB is focusing on reducing harmful emissions, preserving natural resources and championing ethical and humane behavior.



## General Information

Located in Xiang'an Torch Industrial Park of Xiamen, ABB Xiamen Hub, with an investment of 2billion yuan (approximate \$300 million) and covering an area of ~ 430000 square meters, officially came into service on Nov. 2018. It integrated eight ABB companies in Xiamen to create smarter production workshop and workplace with higher efficiency through optimized resource allocation and unified management. ABB in Xiamen, with nearly 3,500 employees in total, has a full range of businesses including R&D, manufacturing, engineering, sales and services, as well as ABB China's supply chain management and corporate functions.

The ABB Xiamen Hub is ABB's biggest manufacturing centre for middle & low voltage switchgears and air circuit breakers. With powerful R&D and innovation capability, it is home to:

- One of ABB's largest R&D centres for NeoGear and MNS low-voltage systems.
- ABB's first digitally connected remote service centre in China.
- ABB Technology Experience Centre covering full ABB solution & focusing on user experience.

As a modernized large industrial park, ABB Xiamen Hub widely implements environment friendly materials, energy - saving technique and intelligent solutions. They include BMS system for centralized control and monitoring of equipment, PMCS solution for comprehensive management of energy consumption, i-Bus® intelligent building control system for lighting control, rainwater recovery system, and electric vehicle charging facility. With all these solutions, ABB Xiamen Hub has set an example for building a green, low - carbon and intelligent industrial park

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## Product cluster

ABB's new TMAX XT series of Molded Case circuit-breakers, combine the finest protection that has always characterized ABB's molded case circuit breakers with the most precise metering and connectivity functionalities, providing designers, installers and end-users exclusive solutions for their daily needs. Suitable for applications from 160 A to 1600 A, the TMAX XT offers exceptional breaking capacity for all voltages and applications. Combined with high-precision electronic relays of the smallest sizes, the new series protects equipment investments and ensures uninterrupted operation and high availability.

ABB's Emax 2 air circuit breaker is a multifunctional platform able to manage the next generation of electrical plants such as microgrids, evolving into a true Power Manager. Emax 2 is the first air circuit breaker that matches all the new grid requirements. It enables a direct communication to the new energy management cloud-computing platform ABB Ability™. Energy and Asset Manager

Coils are used to allow Opening or Closing the circuit of a TMAX XT series of molded case circuit breaker and Emax 2 E1.2 to E6.2 ACB over a 20-year period, with a nominal voltage of 12Vdc to 525 Vac.

Based on the frame size and functionality, the coil has been categorized into six groups. Along the whole Coils product cluster, a set of different build configurations have been covered by this analysis. The SimaPro LCA model has been fully parametrized to include different configurations.

Official declarations 1SDL000282R1377 [13] and 1SDL000282R1378 [14] states compliance of ABB molded case circuit breakers and air circuit breakers respectively to RoHS II and REACH regulations; annex 1SDL000571R0 [15] provides exemptions considered for RoHS II.

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# Constituent Materials

## YU-C XT5-XT6 F/P 220-240VAC-220-250VDC

The representative product is YU-C XT5-XT6 F/P 220-240Vac-220-250Vdc which weighs 0.247 kg including its paper documentation and packaging.

| Materials | Name                  | IEC 62474 MC | [g]   | Weight % |
|-----------|-----------------------|--------------|-------|----------|
| Metals    | Steel                 | M-119        | 83.1  | 33.6%    |
|           | Cu and Cu Alloys      | M-121        | 34.3  | 13.9%    |
|           | Stainless Steel       | M-100        | 0.3   | 0.1%     |
| Plastics  | Polyamide             | M-258        | 12.2  | 4.9%     |
|           | Polyethylene          | M-251        | 10.0  | 4.0%     |
|           | Polycarbonate         | M-254        | 0.6   | 0.2%     |
|           | Unsaturated Polyester | M-301        | 0.1   | 0.1%     |
| Other     | Paper/Cardboard       | M-341        | 84.0  | 33.9%    |
|           | Others                | N/A          | 23.0  | 9.3%     |
| Total     |                       |              | 247.5 | 100.0%   |

Table 1: Weight of materials YU-C XT5-XT6 F/P 220-240VAC-220-250VDC

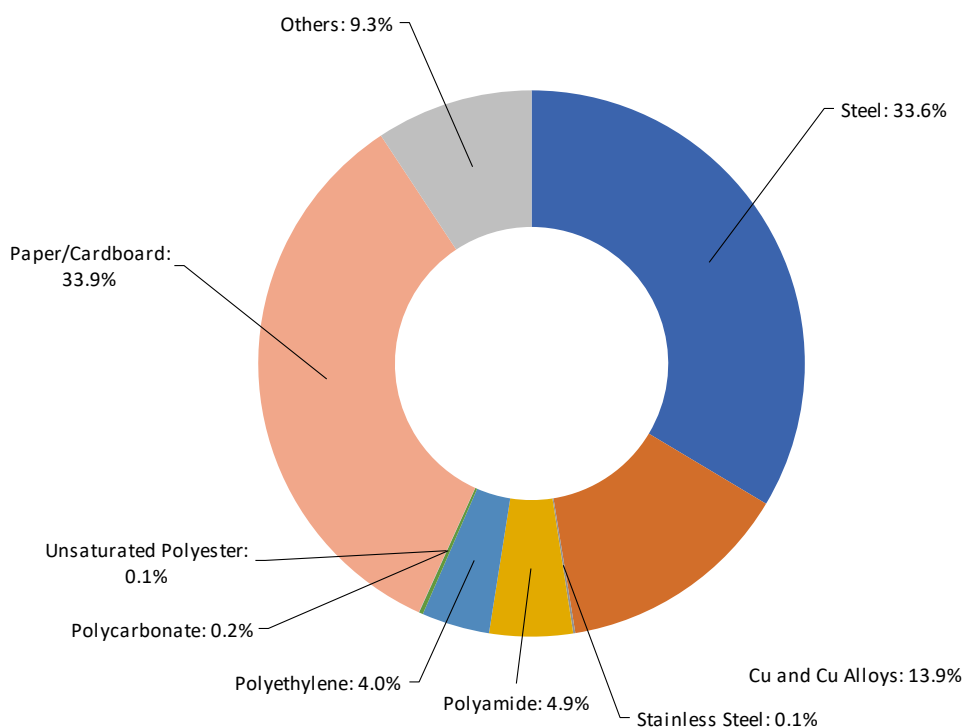


Figure 1: Composition of YU-C XT5-XT6 F/P 220-240VAC-220-250VDC

Packaging for reference product YU-C XT5-XT6 F/P 220-240VAC-220-250VDC weighs 70.0 g, with the following substance composition:

| Material             | Unit | YO-C XT5-XT6 F/P 110-240VAC/110-250VDC |
|----------------------|------|--|
| Corrugated Cardboard | g    | 70.0                                   |
| Polyethylene         | g    | -                                      |

Table 2: Weight of packaging materials YU-C XT5-XT6 F/P 220-240VAC-220-250VDC



# LCA background information

## Functional unit and Reference Flow

The functional unit is the reference unit used to quantify the performance of the service delivered by a product to the user. The main purpose of the functional unit is to provide a reference to which inputs and outputs are related in the LCA.

The functional unit to this study is a single Coil Accessory to allow Opening or Closing the circuit of a TMAX XT series of molded case circuit breaker and Emax 2 E1.2 to E6.2 ACB over a 20-year period, with a nominal voltage of 12Vdc to 525 Vac used in this analysis as per 3.15 “Specific rules for the 'Other Equipment' family”. YU are categorized in 'Passive product - continuous operation' as per PSR[2].

The Reference Flow of the study is a YU-C XT5-XT6 F/P 220-240VAC-220-250VDC including its packaging with mass described in chapter 1.3, table 1 & 2.

## System boundaries and life cycle stages

The life cycle of an Coil, an EEPS (Electronic and Electrical Products and Systems), is a “from cradle to grave” analysis and covers the following main life cycle stages: manufacturing, including the relevant acquisition of raw material, preparation of semi-finished goods, etc. and processing steps; distribution; installation, including the relevant steps for the preparation of the product for use; use including the required maintenance steps within the RSL (reference service life of the product) associated to the reference product; end-of-life stage, including the necessary steps until final disposal or recovery of the product system.

The following table shows the stages of the product life cycle and the information stages according to EN 50693:2019 [3] for the evaluation of electronic and electrical products and systems.

| Manufacturing                    | Distribution   | Installation                                 | Use                      | End-of-Life (EoL)        |
|----------------------------------|--|--|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| Acquisition of raw materials     | Transport to distributor/ logistic center<br><br>Transport to place of use | Installation                                 | Usage<br><br>Maintenance | Deinstallation           |
| Transport to manufacturing site  |  | EoL treatment of generated waste (packaging) |                          | Collection and transport |
| Components/parts manufacturing   |  |  |                          | EoL treatment            |
| Assembly                         |  |  |                          |                          |
| Packaging                        |  |  |                          |                          |
| EoL treatment of generated waste |  |  |                          |                          |

Table 3: Phases for the evaluation of construction products according to EN50693:2019 [3].

## Temporal and geographical boundaries

The ABB component suppliers are sourced all over the world. All primary data collected are from 2022, which is a representative production year. Secondary data are also representative for this year, as provided by ecoinvent [6].

The selected ecoinvent [6] processes in the LCA model have a global representativeness, due to the unclear origin of each component. In this way, a conservative approach has been adopted.

## Boundaries in the life cycle

As indicated in the PCR capital goods such as buildings, machinery, tools and infrastructure, the packaging for internal transport which cannot be allocated directly to the production of the reference product, may be excluded from the system boundary.

Infrastructures, when present, such as processes deriving from the ecoinvent [6] database have not been excluded.

## Data quality

In this PEP, both primary and secondary data are used. Site specific foreground data have been provided by ABB. Main data sources are the bill of materials & drawings which are available on the ERP (SAP) & Windchill. For all processes for which primary are not available, generic data originating from the ecoinvent database [6], allocation cut-off by classification, are used. The ecoinvent database available in the SimaPro software [7] is used for the calculations.

The data quality characterized by quantitative and qualitative aspects, is presented in Appendix 1. Each data quality parameter has been rated according to DQR tables from Chapter 7.19.2.2 of the Product Environmental Footprint Guide v.6.3 to give an indication of geography, technology, and temporal representativeness.

## Environmental impact indicators

The information obtained from the inventory analysis is aggregated according to the effects related to the various environmental issues. According to PCR [1] and EN 50693 [3] the environmental impact indicators must be determined using the characterization factors and impact assessment methods specified in EN 15804:2012+A2:2019 [8].

PCR [1] and the EN 50693:2019 [3] standard establish four indicators for climate change: Climate change (total) which includes all greenhouse gases; Climate change (fossil fuels); Climate change (biogenic) which includes the emissions and absorption of biogenic carbon dioxide and biogenic carbon stored in the product; Climate change (land use) - land use and land use transformation. Other indicators as per the PCR [1].

## Allocation rules

Allocation coefficients are based on the per piece consumption for electricity, water apart from assembly processes. The allocation of the total amount of waste generated by the production line as well, has been described in Annex 1SDH002454A1001 [11].

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## Limitations and simplifications

Raw materials life cycle stage includes the extraction of raw materials as well as the transport distances to the manufacturing suppliers. These distances are assumed to be 1000 km assuming no specific data available PCR [1]. This distance has been added to the one already included in the market processes used for the model, as a result of a conservative choice made by the LCA operators.

Surface treatments like galvanizing, silver plating as well as their related transport processes (back and forth from the finishing suppliers) have been considered in the LCA model. Scraps for metal working and plastic processes are included when already defined in Ecoinvent [6].

The only limitations and simplifications applied to this study are listed in the following table.

| Category     | Description  |
|--------------|--|
| Packaging    | An average packaging content of 5% of the mass of the reference equipment has been considered as follow- Wood 50%, Cardboard 40%, Low density polyethylene 10%.  |
| Tranports    | Specific transport parameters along the entire supply chain of the reference products have been considered as representative for all the products covered by the study   |
| MU Emissions | Impacts related to the production, transportation and installation of capital goods (buildings, infrastructure, machinery, internal transport packaging) and general operations that cannot be directly allocated to products have been excluded |

Table 4: Limitation and simplification used in each LCA stage.

## Energy Models

| LCA Stage                              | EN 15804:2012 +A2:2019 module | Energy model   | Notes  |
|--|-------------------------------|--|--|
| Raw material extraction and processing | A1-A2                         | Electricity, {RoW}  market group for   Cut-off<br>Electricity, {GLO}  market group for   Cut-off   | Based on materials and supplier's locations  |
| Manufacturing                          | A3                            | Electricity, low voltage {BG}  market for electricity, low voltage   Cut-off, S<br>Electricity, low voltage {CN}  market group for electricity, low voltage   Cut-off, S | -  |
| Installation (Packaging EoL)           | A5                            | Electricity, {GLO}  market group for   Cut-off   | -  |
| Use Stage                              | B1                            | Electricity, [country]x   market for   Cut-off, S **   | Low voltage, based on 2022 country sales mix |
| EoL                                    | C1-C4                         | Electricity, {GLO}  market group for   Cut-off   |  |

Table 5: Energy models used in each LCA stage.

\*\* Please refer the use phase for further description



## Inventory analysis

In this PEP, both primary and secondary data are used. Site specific foreground data have been provided by ABB. For data collection, Bills of Material (BOM) extracted from ABB's internal SAP and Windchill ERP were used. They are a list of all the components and assemblies that constitute the finished product, organized by hierarchy level. Each item is matched with its code, quantity, weight and supplier. The BOMs were then processed, adding material, surface area, volume and weight data, taken from technical drawings/datasheets. Finally, the manufacturing process and surface treatment were assigned, according to information provided by R&D personnel. Road distances between the suppliers and ABB were calculated using Google Maps, and marine distances using Distances & Time (Searates).

All primary data collected from ABB are from 2022, which was a representative production year. The ecoinvent cut-off by classification system processes [6] are used to represent the LCA model.

To improve both the inventory and modelling phase of the product, a specific modular dataset framework has been adopted. Raw materials and Manufacturing processes datasets from Ecoinvent database [6] have been clustered and listed inside two distinct mater data tables ABB Raw Materials and ABB Materials & Processes. Data used in the analysis is not older than 10 years.

## Manufacturing stage

The Coils is composed of a multitude of components, all of which are made from of numerous materials.

All the Coils components have been modelled according to their specific raw materials and manufacturing processes.

The single use packaging as well as paper documentation are also included in the analysis in the manufacturing stage. ABB receives packaged product from supplier, sorts, repacks and delivers to the customer according to the orders.

Most of the inputs to the products' manufacturing stage are already produced component parts from the supply chain.

The entire supplier's network has been modelled with the calculation of each transportation stage, from the first manufacturing supplier to the next.

All the distances from the last subassembly suppliers' factories to the ABB facility have been calculated.

The complete energy mix has been modeled considering the GO on energy origins provided to ABB for the year 2022.

## Distribution

The transport distances from ABB manufacturing plant to the distribution centers (regional distribution centers / local sales organizations) have been calculated considering the specific 2022 sales mix data for cluster (SAP ERP sales data as a source). An additional 1000km distance is considered as per the PCR [1].

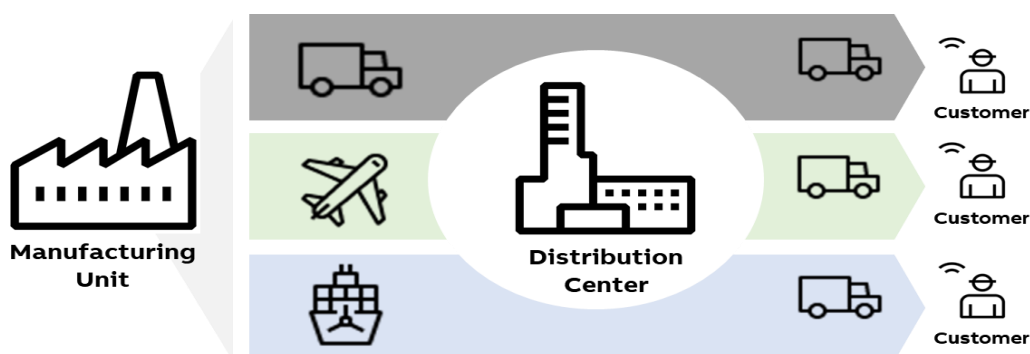


Figure 2: Distribution methodology.

## Installation

The installation phase only implies manual activities, and no energy is consumed. This phase also includes the disposal of the packaging of the coil.

For the disposal of the packaging after installation of the product at the end of its life, a transport distance of 100 km (according to PSR [2]) was assumed).

The actual disposal site is unknown and is managed by the customer. The disposal scenario of the packaging was calculated based on the latest average data for 2019 available, for countries other than EU 100% incineration has been considered.

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## Use

Use and maintenance are modelled according to the PCR [1].

During the use phase, Coils dissipate some electricity due to power losses. They are calculated according to the data provided in the catalogue of the circuit breaker and following the PCR [1] & PSR [2] rules:

| Parameters                 |         | YU   |
|----------------------------|---------|------|
| I <sub>u</sub>             | [A]     | -    |
| I <sub>u</sub>             | [%]     | -    |
| h/year                     | [h]     | 8760 |
| RSL                        | [years] | 20   |
| Time operating coefficient | [%]     | 100  |

Table 8: Use phase parameters

The formula for the calculation of the electricity consumed is shown below and it is described as follows, where P<sub>use</sub> is the power consumed by the switch at a given value of voltage:

$$E_{\text{use}} [\text{kWh}] = \frac{P_{\text{use}} * 8760 * \text{RSL} * \alpha}{1000}$$

The above calculations have been performed according to the number of poles (3) on which relevant current flows during use phase.

The Energy model used for this phase has been modeled based on the 2022 actual sales mix data (SAP ERP sales data as a source). From Ecoinvent [6] database, the low voltage electricity country mix for each country<sub>(x)</sub> has been selected with its respective percentage on the total sales mix (Electricity, low voltage [Country] | market for | Cut-off, S).

Since no maintenance happens during the use phase, the environmental impacts linked to this procedure have been considered as null in the analysis.

## End of life

The end-of-life stage is modelled according to IEC/TR 62635 [9]. The percentages for end-of-life treatments of materials are taken from IEC/TR 62635 [9].

Since no specific data is available, the transport distances from the place of use to the place of disposal are assumed to be 1000 km (local/domestic transport by lorry, according to PCR [1]).



## Environmental impacts

The following table show the environmental impact indicators of the life cycle of a YU-C XT5-XT6 F/P 220-240Vac-220-250Vdc as indicated by PCR [1] and EN 50693:2019 [3]. The indicators are divided into the contribution of the processes to the different stages (manufacturing, distribution, installation, use and end-of-life).

| Impact category | Unit                 | Total    | Manufacturing | Distribution | Installation | Use      | End of Life |
|-----------------|----------------------|----------|---------------|--------------|--------------|----------|-------------|
| GWP-total       | kg CO2 eq            | 8.67E+02 | 6.45E+00      | 8.97E-02     | 1.11E-01     | 8.60E+02 | 8.83E-02    |
| GWP-fossil      | kg CO2 eq            | 8.61E+02 | 6.46E+00      | 8.96E-02     | 3.03E-03     | 8.54E+02 | 8.40E-02    |
| GWP-biogenic    | kg CO2 eq            | 5.28E+00 | -1.44E-02     | 7.21E-06     | 1.08E-01     | 5.18E+00 | 4.29E-03    |
| GWP-luluc       | kg CO2 eq            | 4.20E-01 | 4.99E-03      | 2.18E-05     | 8.77E-07     | 4.15E-01 | 4.89E-05    |
| ODP             | kg CFC11-eq          | 2.88E-06 | 3.60E-07      | 1.39E-09     | 4.25E-11     | 2.52E-06 | 5.51E-10    |
| AP              | mol H+ eq            | 4.77E+00 | 6.55E-02      | 3.81E-04     | 2.19E-05     | 4.70E+00 | 2.44E-04    |
| EP-freshwater   | kg P eq              | 2.02E-02 | 5.00E-04      | 5.05E-07     | 3.26E-08     | 1.97E-02 | 1.88E-06    |
| EP-marine       | kg N eq              | 9.33E-01 | 6.27E-03      | 1.44E-04     | 9.31E-06     | 9.27E-01 | 5.17E-05    |
| EP-terrestrial  | mol N eq             | 1.03E+01 | 7.48E-02      | 1.58E-03     | 9.73E-05     | 1.02E+01 | 5.45E-04    |
| POCP            | kg NMVOC eq          | 2.77E+00 | 2.83E-02      | 5.41E-04     | 2.61E-05     | 2.74E+00 | 1.77E-04    |
| ADP-m&m         | kg Sb eq             | 4.77E-03 | 1.10E-03      | 1.38E-07     | 6.29E-09     | 3.67E-03 | 2.59E-08    |
| ADP-fossil      | MJ                   | 8.52E+03 | 9.17E+01      | 1.25E+00     | 2.70E-02     | 8.43E+03 | 7.09E-01    |
| WDP             | m3 of equiv. depriv. | 1.06E+02 | 1.46E+00      | 4.30E-03     | 2.35E-03     | 1.05E+02 | 6.41E-03    |
| PENRE           | MJ                   | 8.52E+03 | 9.11E+01      | 1.25E+00     | 2.70E-02     | 8.43E+03 | 7.09E-01    |
| PENRM           | MJ                   | 5.66E-01 | 5.66E-01      | 0.00E+00     | 0.00E+00     | 0.00E+00 | 0.00E+00    |
| PENRT           | MJ                   | 8.52E+03 | 9.17E+01      | 1.25E+00     | 2.70E-02     | 8.43E+03 | 7.09E-01    |
| PERE            | MJ                   | 1.07E+03 | 5.79E+00      | 1.07E-02     | 7.61E-04     | 1.06E+03 | 5.87E-02    |
| PERM            | MJ                   | 1.10E+00 | 1.10E+00      | 0.00E+00     | 0.00E+00     | 0.00E+00 | 0.00E+00    |
| PERT            | MJ                   | 1.07E+03 | 6.89E+00      | 1.07E-02     | 7.61E-04     | 1.06E+03 | 5.87E-02    |
| SM              | kg                   | 1.66E-02 | 1.66E-02      | 0.00E+00     | 0.00E+00     | 0.00E+00 | 0.00E+00    |
| RSF             | MJ                   | 0.00E+00 | 0.00E+00      | 0.00E+00     | 0.00E+00     | 0.00E+00 | 0.00E+00    |
| NRSF            | MJ                   | 0.00E+00 | 0.00E+00      | 0.00E+00     | 0.00E+00     | 0.00E+00 | 0.00E+00    |
| PET             | MJ                   | 9.59E+03 | 9.86E+01      | 1.26E+00     | 2.78E-02     | 9.49E+03 | 7.68E-01    |
| FW              | m3                   | 2.60E+00 | 4.44E-02      | 1.30E-04     | 8.15E-05     | 2.56E+00 | 2.46E-04    |
| HWD             | kg                   | 9.18E-03 | 8.63E-04      | 8.52E-06     | 2.57E-07     | 8.31E-03 | 1.96E-06    |
| N-HWD           | kg                   | 2.24E+01 | 3.61E-01      | 5.85E-02     | 1.88E-03     | 2.18E+01 | 1.58E-01    |
| RWD             | kg                   | 9.84E-03 | 9.18E-05      | 1.88E-07     | 1.03E-08     | 9.75E-03 | 1.16E-06    |
| CfR             | kg                   | 0.00E+00 | 0.00E+00      | 0.00E+00     | 0.00E+00     | 0.00E+00 | 0.00E+00    |
| MfR             | kg                   | 2.17E-01 | 6.84E-02      | 0.00E+00     | 0.00E+00     | 0.00E+00 | 1.49E-01    |
| MfER            | kg                   | 8.63E-02 | 6.30E-03      | 0.00E+00     | 6.86E-02     | 0.00E+00 | 1.14E-02    |
| EN              | MJ by energy vector  | 0.00E+00 | 0.00E+00      | 0.00E+00     | 0.00E+00     | 0.00E+00 | 0.00E+00    |
| PM              | disease inc.         | 6.23E-05 | 2.86E-07      | 5.19E-09     | 2.33E-10     | 6.20E-05 | 2.81E-09    |
| IRP             | kBq U-235 eq         | 1.36E+01 | 1.43E-01      | 3.03E-04     | 1.56E-05     | 1.35E+01 | 1.80E-03    |
| ETP-fw          | CTUe                 | 2.83E+03 | 1.06E+02      | 2.02E-01     | 1.27E-01     | 2.72E+03 | 4.31E-01    |
| HTP- c          | CTUh                 | 8.31E-07 | 4.81E-08      | 2.74E-10     | 2.83E-11     | 7.82E-07 | 8.68E-11    |
| HTP- nc         | CTUh                 | 7.30E-06 | 3.73E-07      | 8.72E-10     | 2.31E-10     | 6.93E-06 | 9.79E-10    |
| SQP             | Pt                   | 2.01E+03 | 3.40E+01      | 7.26E-01     | 1.57E-02     | 1.97E+03 | 1.41E-01    |

Table 6: Impact indicators for YU-C XT5-XT6 F/P 220-240VAC-220-250VDC

| Impact category                                     | Unit | YU-C XT5-XT6 F/P 220-240VAC-220-250VDC |
|---|------|--|
| Biogenic Carbon content of the product              | kg   | 0.00746                                |
| Biogenic Carbon content of the associated packaging | kg   | 0.0251                                 |

Table 7: Inventory flow other indicators

## Environmental impact indicators

|                |  |
|----------------|--|
| GWP-total      | Global Warming Potential total (Climate change)                                  |
| GWP-fossil     | Global Warming Potential fossil  |
| GWP-biogenic   | Global Warming Potential biogenic  |
| GWP-luluc      | Global Warming Potential land use and land use change                            |
| ODP            | Depletion potential of the stratospheric ozone layer                             |
| AP             | Acidification potential  |
| EP-freshwater  | Eutrophication potential - freshwater compartment                                |
| EP-marine      | Eutrophication potential - fraction of nutrients reaching marine end compartment |
| EP-terrestrial | Eutrophication potential -Accumulated Exceedance                                 |
| POCP           | Formation potential of tropospheric ozone  |
| ADP-m&m        | Abiotic Depletion for non-fossil resources potential                             |
| ADP-fossil     | Abiotic Depletion for fossil resources potential                                 |
| WDP            | Water deprivation potential  |

## Resource use indicators

|       |   |
|-------|---|
| PERE  | Use of renewable primary energy excluding renewable primary energy resources used as raw material                       |
| PERM  | Use of renewable primary energy resources used as raw material  |
| PERT  | Total use of renewable primary energy resources (primary energy and primary energy resources used as raw materials)     |
| PENRE | Use of non-renewable primary energy excluding non-renewable primary energy resources used as raw material               |
| PNERM | Use of non-renewable primary energy resources used as raw material  |
| PENRT | Total use of non-renewable primary energy resources (primary energy and primary energy resources used as raw materials) |
| PET   | Total use of primary energy in the lifecycle  |

## Secondary materials, water and energy resources

|      |                                      |
|------|--------------------------------------|
| SM   | Use of secondary materials           |
| RSF  | Use of renewable secondary fuels     |
| NRSF | Use of non-renewable secondary fuels |
| FW   | FW: Net use of fresh water           |

## Waste category indicators

|       |                              |
|-------|------------------------------|
| HWD   | Hazardous waste disposed     |
| N-HWD | Non-hazardous waste disposed |
| RWD   | Radioactive waste disposed   |

## Output flow indicators

|      |                               |
|------|-------------------------------|
| CfR  | Components for reuse          |
| MfR  | Materials for recycling       |
| MfER | Materials for energy recovery |

EN Exported energy

## Other indicators

|         |   |
|---------|---|
| PM      | Emissions of Fine particles               |
| IRP     | Ionizing radiation, human health          |
| ETP-fw  | Ecotoxicity, freshwater                   |
| HTP- c  | Human toxicity, carcinogenic effects      |
| HTP- nc | Human toxicity, non-carcinogenic effects  |
| SQP     | Impact related to Land use / soil quality |

## Extrapolation for Homogeneous environmental family

This PEP covers different build configurations than representative product. All the analyzed configurations have the same main functionality, product standards and manufacturing technology.

The different life cycle stages can be extrapolated to other products of the same homogeneous environmental family by applying a rule of proportionality to the parameters in the following tables, divided by different life cycle stages.

### LCA Phase: Manufacturing

| Product                                  | GWP-total | GWP-fossil | GWP-biogenic | GWP-luluc | ODP  | AP   | EP-freshwater | EP-marine | EP-terrestrial | POCP | ADP-minerals & metals | ADP-fossil | WDP  |
|--|-----------|------------|--------------|-----------|------|------|---------------|-----------|----------------|------|-----------------------|------------|------|
| YU XT5-XT6 12 Vdc                        | 0.98      | 0.98       | 1.00         | 0.97      | 0.99 | 0.87 | 0.92          | 0.93      | 0.92           | 0.93 | 0.90                  | 0.98       | 0.90 |
| YU XT5-XT6 24...30 Vac/dc                | 0.97      | 0.97       | 1.09         | 0.96      | 0.99 | 0.82 | 0.90          | 0.91      | 0.89           | 0.92 | 0.87                  | 0.97       | 0.87 |
| YU XT5-XT6 48...60 Vac/dc                | 0.97      | 0.97       | 1.09         | 0.96      | 0.99 | 0.82 | 0.90          | 0.91      | 0.89           | 0.92 | 0.87                  | 0.97       | 0.87 |
| YU XT5-XT6 110..127 Vac - 110..125 Vdc   | 0.97      | 0.97       | 1.09         | 0.95      | 0.99 | 0.83 | 0.90          | 0.91      | 0.89           | 0.92 | 0.87                  | 0.97       | 0.87 |
| YU XT5-XT6 220..240 Vac - 220..250 Vdc   | 0.97      | 0.97       | 1.09         | 0.95      | 0.99 | 0.83 | 0.90          | 0.91      | 0.89           | 0.92 | 0.87                  | 0.97       | 0.87 |
| YU XT5-XT6 380...440 Vac                 | 0.98      | 0.98       | 1.11         | 0.97      | 0.99 | 0.85 | 0.91          | 0.93      | 0.91           | 0.93 | 0.89                  | 0.98       | 0.89 |
| YU XT5-XT6 480...525 Vac                 | 1.51      | 1.51       | 0.96         | 1.84      | 1.21 | 1.41 | 1.95          | 1.71      | 1.69           | 1.71 | 2.09                  | 1.48       | 1.62 |
| YU-C XT5 W 12 Vdc                        | 1.03      | 1.03       | 1.30         | 1.06      | 1.01 | 1.12 | 1.07          | 1.08      | 1.08           | 1.06 | 1.09                  | 1.03       | 1.12 |
| YU-C XT5 W 24...30 Vac/dc                | 1.02      | 1.02       | 1.39         | 1.04      | 1.00 | 1.07 | 1.05          | 1.05      | 1.06           | 1.04 | 1.05                  | 1.02       | 1.09 |
| YU-C XT5 W 48...60 Vac/dc                | 1.02      | 1.02       | 1.39         | 1.04      | 1.00 | 1.07 | 1.05          | 1.06      | 1.06           | 1.04 | 1.05                  | 1.02       | 1.09 |
| YU-C XT5 W 110..127 Vac - 110..125 Vdc   | 1.02      | 1.02       | 1.39         | 1.03      | 1.00 | 1.08 | 1.05          | 1.05      | 1.05           | 1.04 | 1.06                  | 1.02       | 1.09 |
| YU-C XT5 W 220..240 Vac - 220..250 Vdc   | 1.02      | 1.02       | 1.39         | 1.03      | 1.00 | 1.08 | 1.05          | 1.05      | 1.05           | 1.04 | 1.06                  | 1.02       | 1.09 |
| YU-C XT5 W 380...440 Vac                 | 1.03      | 1.03       | 1.41         | 1.05      | 1.01 | 1.10 | 1.06          | 1.07      | 1.07           | 1.06 | 1.08                  | 1.03       | 1.11 |
| YU-C XT5 W 480...525 Vac                 | 1.56      | 1.56       | 1.26         | 1.92      | 1.22 | 1.66 | 2.09          | 1.86      | 1.86           | 1.83 | 2.28                  | 1.54       | 1.84 |
| YU-C XT5-XT6 F/P 12 Vdc                  | 1.01      | 1.01       | 0.92         | 1.02      | 1.00 | 1.04 | 1.02          | 1.02      | 1.03           | 1.02 | 1.03                  | 1.01       | 1.02 |
| YU-C XT5-XT6 F/P 24...30 Vac/dc          | 1.00      | 1.00       | 1.00         | 1.01      | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00          | 1.00      | 1.00           | 1.00 | 1.00                  | 1.00       | 1.00 |
| YU-C XT5-XT6 F/P 48...60 Vac/dc          | 1.00      | 1.00       | 1.00         | 1.01      | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00          | 1.00      | 1.00           | 1.00 | 1.00                  | 1.00       | 1.00 |
| YU-C XT5-XT6 F/P 110..127Vac-110..125Vdc | 1.00      | 1.00       | 1.00         | 1.00      | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00          | 1.00      | 1.00           | 1.00 | 1.00                  | 1.00       | 1.00 |
| YU-C XT5-XT6 F/P 220-240Vac/220-250Vdc   | 1.00      | 1.00       | 1.00         | 1.00      | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00          | 1.00      | 1.00           | 1.00 | 1.00                  | 1.00       | 1.00 |
| YU-C XT5-XT6 F/P 380...440 Vac           | 1.01      | 1.01       | 1.02         | 1.02      | 1.00 | 1.02 | 1.01          | 1.02      | 1.02           | 1.01 | 1.02                  | 1.01       | 1.02 |
| YU-C XT5-XT6 F/P 480...525 Vac           | 1.54      | 1.54       | 0.87         | 1.89      | 1.21 | 1.58 | 2.05          | 1.80      | 1.80           | 1.79 | 2.22                  | 1.51       | 1.75 |
| YU-C XT6 W 12 Vdc                        | 1.05      | 1.05       | 1.55         | 1.08      | 1.01 | 1.19 | 1.11          | 1.12      | 1.13           | 1.10 | 1.14                  | 1.04       | 1.18 |
| YU-C XT6 W 24...30 Vac/dc                | 1.04      | 1.04       | 1.63         | 1.07      | 1.01 | 1.14 | 1.09          | 1.10      | 1.10           | 1.08 | 1.11                  | 1.04       | 1.15 |
| YU-C XT6 W 48...60 Vac/dc                | 1.04      | 1.04       | 1.63         | 1.07      | 1.01 | 1.14 | 1.09          | 1.10      | 1.10           | 1.08 | 1.11                  | 1.04       | 1.15 |

|          |                |                             |                 |       |       |       |
|----------|----------------|-----------------------------|-----------------|-------|-------|-------|
| STATUS   | SECURITY LEVEL | PEP ECOPASSPORT REG. NUMBER | DOCUMENT ID.    | REV.  | LANG. | PAGE  |
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|  |      |      |      |      |      |      |      |      |      |      |      |      |      |
|--|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| YU-C XT6 W 110..127 Vac - 110..125 Vdc | 1.04 | 1.04 | 1.63 | 1.06 | 1.01 | 1.15 | 1.09 | 1.09 | 1.10 | 1.08 | 1.11 | 1.04 | 1.15 |
| YU-C XT6 W 220..240 Vac - 220..250 Vdc | 1.04 | 1.04 | 1.63 | 1.06 | 1.01 | 1.15 | 1.09 | 1.09 | 1.10 | 1.08 | 1.11 | 1.04 | 1.15 |
| YU-C XT6 W 380...440 Vac               | 1.04 | 1.05 | 1.64 | 1.07 | 1.01 | 1.17 | 1.10 | 1.11 | 1.12 | 1.09 | 1.13 | 1.04 | 1.17 |
| YU-C XT6 W 480...525 Vac               | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.50 | 1.94 | 1.22 | 1.73 | 2.13 | 1.90 | 1.90 | 1.87 | 2.33 | 1.55 | 1.91 |

Table 8: Extrapolation factors for Manufacturing stage

Reference product: YU-C XT5-XT6 F/P 220-240Vac-220-250Vdc

### LCA Phase: Distribution

| Products                                 | LCA Phase    | All  |
|--|--------------|------|
| YU XT5-XT6 12 Vdc                        | Distribution | 0.90 |
| YU XT5-XT6 24...30 Vac/dc                |              | 0.88 |
| YU XT5-XT6 48...60 Vac/dc                |              | 0.88 |
| YU XT5-XT6 110..127 Vac - 110..125 Vdc   |              | 0.89 |
| YU XT5-XT6 220..240 Vac - 220..250 Vdc   |              | 0.89 |
| YU XT5-XT6 380...440 Vac                 |              | 0.91 |
| YU XT5-XT6 480...525 Vac                 |              | 1.24 |
| YU-C XT5 W 12 Vdc                        |              | 1.10 |
| YU-C XT5 W 24...30 Vac/dc                |              | 1.09 |
| YU-C XT5 W 48...60 Vac/dc                |              | 1.09 |
| YU-C XT5 W 110..127 Vac - 110..125 Vdc   |              | 1.09 |
| YU-C XT5 W 220..240 Vac - 220..250 Vdc   |              | 1.09 |
| YU-C XT5 W 380...440 Vac                 |              | 1.11 |
| YU-C XT5 W 480...525 Vac                 |              | 1.44 |
| YU-C XT5-XT6 F/P 12 Vdc                  |              | 1.01 |
| YU-C XT5-XT6 F/P 24...30 Vac/dc          |              | 1.00 |
| YU-C XT5-XT6 F/P 48...60 Vac/dc          |              | 1.00 |
| YU-C XT5-XT6 F/P 110..127Vac-110..125Vdc |              | 1.00 |
| YU-C XT5-XT6 F/P 220-240Vac/220-250Vdc   |              | 1.00 |
| YU-C XT5-XT6 F/P 380...440 Vac           |              | 1.02 |
| YU-C XT5-XT6 F/P 480...525 Vac           |              | 1.35 |
| YU-C XT6 W 12 Vdc                        |              | 1.17 |
| YU-C XT6 W 24...30 Vac/dc                |              | 1.15 |
| YU-C XT6 W 48...60 Vac/dc                |              | 1.15 |
| YU-C XT6 W 110..127 Vac - 110..125 Vdc   |              | 1.16 |
| YU-C XT6 W 220..240 Vac - 220..250 Vdc   |              | 1.16 |
| YU-C XT6 W 380...440 Vac                 |              | 1.18 |
| YU-C XT6 W 480...525 Vac                 |              | 1.51 |

Table 9: Extrapolation factors for Distribution stage

Reference product: YU-C XT5-XT6 F/P 220-240VAC-220-250VDC

### LCA Phase: Installation

Installation phase impacts are common across all variants of the product.

### LCA Phase: Use

| Voltage         | LCA Phase | Factor |
|-----------------|-----------|--------|
| 12              | Use       | 0.7    |
| 24-30           |           | 1.3    |
| 48-60           |           | 1.3    |
| 110-127/110-125 |           | 1.1    |



|                 |     |
|-----------------|-----|
| 220-240/220-250 | 1.0 |
| 380-440         | 0.9 |
| 480-525         | 1.2 |

Table 10: Use phase Extrapolation factors  
Reference product: YU-C XT5-XT6 F/P 220-240Vac-220-250Vdc

### LCA Phase: End of Life

| Product                                    | GWP-total | GWP-fossil | GWP-biogenic | GWP-luluc | ODP  | AP   | EP-freshwater | EP-marine | EP-terrestrial | POCP | ADP-minerals & metals | ADP-fossil | WDP  |
|--|-----------|------------|--------------|-----------|------|------|---------------|-----------|----------------|------|-----------------------|------------|------|
| YU XT5-XT6 12 Vdc                          | 0.67      | 0.65       | 1.02         | 0.44      | 0.47 | 0.48 | 0.43          | 0.56      | 0.54           | 0.53 | 0.56                  | 0.45       | 0.45 |
| YU XT5-XT6 24...30 Vac/dc                  | 0.62      | 0.60       | 1.01         | 0.36      | 0.40 | 0.41 | 0.36          | 0.50      | 0.47           | 0.46 | 0.50                  | 0.38       | 0.38 |
| YU XT5-XT6 48...60 Vac/dc                  | 0.62      | 0.60       | 1.01         | 0.36      | 0.40 | 0.41 | 0.36          | 0.50      | 0.47           | 0.46 | 0.50                  | 0.38       | 0.38 |
| YU XT5-XT6 110...127 Vac - 110...125 Vdc   | 0.63      | 0.61       | 1.01         | 0.37      | 0.40 | 0.41 | 0.36          | 0.51      | 0.48           | 0.47 | 0.50                  | 0.39       | 0.38 |
| YU XT5-XT6 220...240 Vac - 220...250 Vdc   | 0.63      | 0.61       | 1.01         | 0.37      | 0.40 | 0.41 | 0.36          | 0.51      | 0.48           | 0.47 | 0.50                  | 0.39       | 0.38 |
| YU XT5-XT6 380...440 Vac                   | 0.69      | 0.67       | 1.02         | 0.47      | 0.50 | 0.51 | 0.47          | 0.59      | 0.57           | 0.56 | 0.59                  | 0.49       | 0.49 |
| YU XT5-XT6 480...525 Vac                   | 1.46      | 1.48       | 1.02         | 0.51      | 0.57 | 0.61 | 0.50          | 0.80      | 0.77           | 0.72 | 0.81                  | 0.54       | 0.63 |
| YU-C XT5 W 12 Vdc                          | 1.20      | 1.18       | 1.49         | 1.29      | 1.28 | 1.27 | 1.29          | 1.25      | 1.25           | 1.25 | 1.24                  | 1.28       | 1.26 |
| YU-C XT5 W 24...30 Vac/dc                  | 1.15      | 1.14       | 1.48         | 1.22      | 1.21 | 1.20 | 1.22          | 1.19      | 1.18           | 1.19 | 1.18                  | 1.21       | 1.19 |
| YU-C XT5 W 48...60 Vac/dc                  | 1.15      | 1.14       | 1.48         | 1.22      | 1.21 | 1.20 | 1.22          | 1.19      | 1.18           | 1.19 | 1.18                  | 1.21       | 1.19 |
| YU-C XT5 W 110...127 Vac - 110...125 Vdc   | 1.16      | 1.14       | 1.48         | 1.22      | 1.21 | 1.21 | 1.22          | 1.20      | 1.19           | 1.20 | 1.19                  | 1.22       | 1.20 |
| YU-C XT5 W 220...240 Vac - 220...250 Vdc   | 1.16      | 1.14       | 1.48         | 1.22      | 1.21 | 1.21 | 1.22          | 1.20      | 1.19           | 1.20 | 1.19                  | 1.22       | 1.20 |
| YU-C XT5 W 380...440 Vac                   | 1.22      | 1.21       | 1.49         | 1.33      | 1.31 | 1.31 | 1.33          | 1.28      | 1.28           | 1.28 | 1.27                  | 1.32       | 1.30 |
| YU-C XT5 W 480...525 Vac                   | 1.99      | 2.02       | 1.49         | 1.36      | 1.38 | 1.41 | 1.36          | 1.50      | 1.48           | 1.45 | 1.49                  | 1.37       | 1.44 |
| YU-C XT5-XT6 F/P 12 Vdc                    | 1.04      | 1.04       | 1.00         | 1.07      | 1.06 | 1.06 | 1.07          | 1.05      | 1.06           | 1.06 | 1.05                  | 1.07       | 1.07 |
| YU-C XT5-XT6 F/P 24...30 Vac/dc            | 1.00      | 1.00       | 1.00         | 0.99      | 0.99 | 0.99 | 0.99          | 0.99      | 0.99           | 0.99 | 0.99                  | 0.99       | 0.99 |
| YU-C XT5-XT6 F/P 48...60 Vac/dc            | 1.00      | 1.00       | 1.00         | 0.99      | 0.99 | 0.99 | 0.99          | 0.99      | 0.99           | 0.99 | 0.99                  | 0.99       | 0.99 |
| YU-C XT5-XT6 F/P 110...127Vac-110...125Vdc | 1.00      | 1.00       | 1.00         | 1.00      | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00          | 1.00      | 1.00           | 1.00 | 1.00                  | 1.00       | 1.00 |
| YU-C XT5-XT6 F/P 220-240Vac/220-250Vdc     | 1.00      | 1.00       | 1.00         | 1.00      | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00          | 1.00      | 1.00           | 1.00 | 1.00                  | 1.00       | 1.00 |
| YU-C XT5-XT6 F/P 380...440 Vac             | 1.06      | 1.07       | 1.01         | 1.11      | 1.10 | 1.10 | 1.11          | 1.08      | 1.09           | 1.09 | 1.08                  | 1.10       | 1.10 |
| YU-C XT5-XT6 F/P 480...525 Vac             | 1.83      | 1.88       | 1.01         | 1.14      | 1.17 | 1.20 | 1.13          | 1.30      | 1.29           | 1.26 | 1.30                  | 1.15       | 1.24 |
| YU-C XT6 W 12 Vdc                          | 1.36      | 1.34       | 1.74         | 1.54      | 1.52 | 1.51 | 1.54          | 1.46      | 1.45           | 1.47 | 1.45                  | 1.53       | 1.49 |
| YU-C XT6 W 24...30 Vac/dc                  | 1.31      | 1.29       | 1.73         | 1.46      | 1.44 | 1.44 | 1.47          | 1.40      | 1.39           | 1.40 | 1.39                  | 1.45       | 1.42 |
| YU-C XT6 W 48...60 Vac/dc                  | 1.31      | 1.29       | 1.73         | 1.46      | 1.44 | 1.44 | 1.47          | 1.40      | 1.39           | 1.40 | 1.39                  | 1.45       | 1.42 |
| YU-C XT6 W 110...127 Vac - 110...125 Vdc   | 1.32      | 1.30       | 1.73         | 1.47      | 1.45 | 1.44 | 1.48          | 1.41      | 1.40           | 1.41 | 1.39                  | 1.46       | 1.43 |
| YU-C XT6 W 220...240 Vac - 220...250 Vdc   | 1.32      | 1.30       | 1.73         | 1.47      | 1.45 | 1.44 | 1.48          | 1.41      | 1.40           | 1.41 | 1.39                  | 1.46       | 1.43 |
| YU-C XT6 W 380...440 Vac                   | 1.38      | 1.36       | 1.74         | 1.58      | 1.55 | 1.54 | 1.58          | 1.49      | 1.49           | 1.50 | 1.48                  | 1.56       | 1.53 |
| YU-C XT6 W 480...525 Vac                   | 2.15      | 2.17       | 1.74         | 1.61      | 1.62 | 1.64 | 1.61          | 1.70      | 1.69           | 1.66 | 1.70                  | 1.61       | 1.67 |

Table 11: Extrapolation factors for EOL Phase  
Reference product: YU-C XT5-XT6 F/P 220-240VAC-220-250VDC



## Additional environmental information

According to the waste treatment scenario calculation in Simapro [7], based on the recycling rate in the technical report IEC/TR 62635 Edition 1.0 [9] Table D.6, the following recyclability potentials were calculated. The recyclability potential is calculated based on the product weight (excluding packaging).

|                         | YU-C XT5-XT6 F/P 220-240VAC-220-250VDC |
|-------------------------|--|
| Recyclability potential | 83.7%                                  |

Table 12: Recyclability potential of YU-C XT5-XT6 F/P 220-240VAC-220-250VDC

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