

# PRODUCT ENVIRONMENTAL PROFILE

# **Cold Shrink Power Cable Termination CSTO-5122-ML-1-13**



Registration number: CSTO-00001-V01.01-EN		Drafting rules: PCR-ed4-EN-2021 09 06 Supplemented by: PSR-0001-ed4-EN-2022 11 16			
Verifier accreditation number: VH26		Information and reference documents: www.pep-ecopassport.org			
Date of issue: 06-	2025	Validity period: 5 years			
Independent verifi	Independent verification of the declaration and data in compliance with ISO 14025:2				
Internal: □	External:				
The PCR review w	vas conducted by a panel of experts ch	naired by Julie ORGELET -			
_	0693:2019 The components nts from any other program.	PEP eco PASS			
Document complies with ISO 14025:2006 "Environmental labels and declarations.  Type III environmental declarations"					





# GENERAL INFORMATION

# PEP ECOPASSPORT® OWNER

Tyco Electronics Polska Sp. Z o.o. Plant, Kablowa 1, 70-895 Szczecin, Poland

# REFERENCE PRODUCT

CSTO-5122-ML-1-13-NO01

# DESCRIPTION OF THE PRODUCT

The CSTI/O Cold Shrink Termination is a medium-voltage cable accessory made from high-performance liquid silicone, offering strong resistance to tracking, splitting, and moisture ingress. It features an integrated stress cone and built-in moisture seal, ensuring reliable electrical insulation and simplified installation without additional sealing materials.

## **FUNTIONAL UNIT**

To connect together the power transmission cables, or connect them to equipment, for one unit and its packaging, under operating conditions identical to those of the cable, namely: 1 A during 30 years, with a use rate of 100%, according to the standards in force.

# OTHER PRODUCTS COVERED

- CSTO-2132-ML-4-13
- CSTO-5152-ML-7-17
- CSTO-6132-ML-4-13
- CSTI-4132-ML-4-13

## MARKET APPLICABILITY

Global

# **COMPANY REFERENCE CONTACT**

Sustainability Analyst & LCA Specialist: Waleed Qatrameez — <u>waleed.qatrameez@te.com</u> Sustainability Manager: Łukasz Sadowski — <u>lukasz.sadowski@te.com</u>

# PLANTS LOCATION

Environmental impacts have been calculated for the TE Connectivity plants located in France and Poland:

- Tyco Electronics Polska, Sp. Zo.o. Plant Szczecin, Kablowa 1, 70-895 Szczecin, Poland
- Tyco Electronics Simel SAS, 1 Rue Paul Martin, 21220 Gevrey-Chambertin, France
- TE Connectivity Tyco Electronics Raychem GmbH, Finsinger Feld 1 · 85521 Ottobrunn, Germany

# **SOFTWARE USED**

iPoint Umberto 11 (version 11.15.2.0)





# **DATABASE**

Ecoinvent 3.11 and Industry data

# REFERENCE YEAR

The reference year used for primary data collection and processing is 2024





# 2 DESCRIPTION OF THE COMPANY

TE is an international group which has its core business in producing highly engineered connectivity, insulating and sensing products covering a large variety of purposes, from global communication infrastructures, utility networks, factories, smart homes and transport sector. For more than 75 years, TE has partnered with customers to produce highly engineered connectivity and sensing products. With approximately 80,000 employees in 107 manufacturing sites around the world, including more than 7,500 engineers, working alongside customers in approximately 140 countries, TE ensures that every connection counts. TE Connectivity consists of the following segments:

- THE TRANSPORTATION segment consists of: Automotive, Industrial & Commercial Transportation, Sensors, Application Tooling BU's.
- THE INDUSTRIAL segment consists of: Industrial, Aerospace, Defense & Marine, Medical, Energy BU's.
- THE COMMUNICATIONS segment consists of: Appliances, Data & Devices BU's

# ENVIRONMENTAL POLICY AND ACTIONS

TE is committed in a sustainable management of its operations. This includes our ambitions to reduce our GHG emissions by more than 35 percent by 2030 (Scope 1 and Scope 2 emissions on a normalized basis), decreasing our waste disposed and helping 100 percent of our facilities in water-stressed regions meet water reduction targets.

All plants in Szczecin, Gevrey-Chambertin and Ottobrunn owns the following certifications:

- ISO 14001
- ISO 14064 for FY21 period (October 2020 September 2021)

# Building a Safer, Sustainable, Productive & Connected Future



# Contributing to the UNSDGS Our One Connected World strategy is aligned with the United Nations Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs), helping us identify where we can improve business practices to support progress against global efforts. For more information, please view our UNSDG Report. 1 SECTION OF THE STREET OF THE ST





TE Connectivity Szczecin, Gevrey-Chambertin and Ottobrunn plants:



**SZCZECIN** 

**GEVREY-CHAMBERTIN** 



**OTTOBRUNN** 

# 3 PRODUCT SPECIFICATIONS

The CSTI/O Cold Shrink Termination is a pre-expanded, single-piece silicone termination system designed for polymeric cables up to 36 kV. Made from high-performance, hydrophobic silicone, it offers excellent electrical insulation, tracking resistance, and weathering durability, with operating temperatures ranging from -45°C to +150°C. The termination includes an integrated extra-long stress cone, void-filling mastic, and built-in moisture sealing at the lug, eliminating the need for additional sealing tapes. It accommodates both shear bolt and compression lugs and meets international standards such as IEEE-48 and CENELEC HD 629.1.S2.

Technical specifications of the product are reported in the following table:

Cable Insulation Diameter	17.9 - 52	mm
Cross Section Range	25 – 630	$mm^2$
Max System Voltage U <sub>m</sub>	24	kV
Basic Impulse Level	125	kV





Partial Discharge at 2 Uo	< 2	pC
AC Voltage Withstand (5 min)	57	kV
DC Voltage Withstand (15 min)	76	kV

Total weight of product, packaging and additional elements, as well as the list of **constituent materials**, are provided in the following tables:

Total weight	Product	Packaging	Additional elements	Unit
2.277	2.007	0.270	0.0	Kg
	Constituent	t Plastic	5.4%	
	materials	Metals	18.9%	
		Other	75.7%	

# 4 MANUFACTURING PROCESS

The manufacturing process of the Cold Shrink Termination CSTI/O involves several coordinated stages across different TE facilities. In Gevrey, France, the cable lug, made of aluminium, is cast, machined to precise dimensions, and treated for corrosion resistance before being shipped to the Szczecin plant for assembly. In Ottobrunn, Germany, the CSTO body, made from liquid silicone rubber (LSR), is moulded using injection moulding technology and quality checked before being sent to Szczecin. At the Szczecin facility, the cable lug from Gevrey is manually greased and assembled with inserts and bolts. The CSTO body is then manually assembled with the pre-assembled lug, and the complete termination undergoes quality control. Finally, the product is packed with all required kit components, labelled, and prepared for shipment.

# 5 RESULTS

Environmental impacts are calculated considering a cradle-to-grave system boundary, including the following life cycle stages:

Manufacturing stage	Distribution stage	Installation stage	Use & maintenance stage	End-of-life stage
---------------------	--------------------	--------------------	-------------------------	----------------------





Upstream C	Core	Downstream
------------	------	------------

**PRODUCT CATEGORY:** Cold Shrink Terminations for polymeric insulated cables

**INSTALLATION ELEMENTS:** Steel elements-installation kit provided together with the product **USE SCENARIO:** Not applicable for the product under study

**GEOGRAPHICAL REPRESENTATIVENESS:** European market with focus on Norwegian & Portuguese market

**TEMPORAL REPRESENTATIVENESS:** Publication of this PEP is not later than 2 years beyond time validity of Ecoinvent datasets chosen

**TECHNOLOGICAL REPRESENTATIVENESS**: Datasets chosen for modelling product's manufacturing process are representative of the actual production process

**ENERGY DATASETS:** Country-specific energy datasets for manufacturing processes are considered (Polish, French and German)

Results are reported with the same number of significant figures for each impact indicator. Sums may not coincide with totals due to rounding.

## **ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACTS**

Impact category	Unit	Manufacturing	Distribution	Installation	Use	End of life	Total
GWP, t	kg CO <sub>2</sub> eq	8.74E+00	3.64E-01	1.19E-01	1.84E-03	2.35E+00	1.16E+01
GWP, f	kg CO <sub>2</sub> eq	9.91E+00	3.64E-01	4.47E-02	1.76E-03	2.35E+00	1.27E+01
GWP, b	kg CO <sub>2</sub> eq	-1.23E+00	2.32E-04	7.43E-02	8.14E-05	1.96E-03	-1.16E+00
GWP, luluc	kg CO <sub>2</sub> eq	5.57E-02	1.21E-04	4.22E-05	9.69E-07	1.59E-05	5.59E-02
AP	kg H+ eq	1.71E-01	1.26E-03	9.23E-05	6.08E-06	4.39E-04	1.73E-01
EPf	kg P eq	1.54E-02	2.48E-05	8.47E-06	4.73E-07	9.37E-06	1.54E-02
EPm	kg N eq	1.48E-02	4.16E-04	1.46E-04	1.64E-06	1.90E-04	1.55E-02
EPt	mol N eq	1.72E-01	4.53E-03	2.32E-04	1.77E-05	1.95E-03	1.79E-01
РОСР	kg NMVOC eq	5.56E-02	1.83E-03	9.52E-05	5.58E-06	5.47E-04	5.81E-02
ODP	kg CFC- 11 eq	1.17E-04	7.89E-09	3.12E-10	1.16E-11	1.13E-09	1.17E-04
ADPe	kg Sb eq	2.39E-03	2.39E-03	2.39E-03	2.39E-03	2.39E-03	2.39E-03





ADPf	MJ	1.61E+02	5.15E+00	2.99E-01	1.35E-02	6.77E-01	1.67E+02
WDP	m3 depriv.	1.18E+01	2.69E-02	9.71E-03	2.22E-01	1.28E-01	1.22E+01

GWP, t: Global Warming Potential total; GWP, f: Global Warming Potential fossil; GWP, b: Global Warming Potential biogenic; GWP, luluc: Global Warming Potential land use and land use change; GWP, GHG: Global Warming Potential irreversible; ODP: Depletion potential of the stratospheric ozone layer; AP: Acidification potential; EP, f: Eutrophication potential-freshwater; EP, m: Eutrophication potential-marine; EP, t: Eutrophication potential-terrestrial; POCP: Formation potential of tropospheric ozone; ADP, e: Abiotic Depletion for non-fossil resources potential, WDP: Water deprivation potential

# **USE OF RESOURCES**

<b>Impact</b> category	Unit	Manufacturing	Distribution	Installation	Use	End of life	Total
PERE	MJ	5.07E+01	8.34E-02	6.04E-02	7.26E-01	2.72E-02	5.15E+01
PERM	MJ	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
PERT	MJ	5.07E+01	8.34E-02	6.04E-02	7.26E-01	2.72E-02	5.15E+01
PENRE	MJ	1.62E+02	5.15E+00	2.99E-01	1.35E-02	6.77E-01	1.68E+02
PENRM	MJ	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
PENRT	MJ	1.62E+02	5.15E+00	2.99E-01	1.35E-02	6.77E-01	1.68E+02
SM	kg	4.61E-01	2.30E-03	2.36E-04	5.19E-05	1.40E-03	4.65E-01
RSF	MJ	4.55E-01	2.99E-05	1.70E-06	1.23E-07	1.48E-05	4.55E-01
NRSF	MJ	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
FW	$m^3$	2.87E-01	6.20E-04	-2.40E-04	5.17E-03	2.39E-03	2.95E-01

PERE: Renewable Primary Energy excluding Primary Energy used as raw material; PERM: Renewable Primary Energy used as raw material; PERT: Total use of Renewable Primary Energy; PENRE: Non-renewable Primary Energy used as raw material; PENRM: Non-renewable Primary Energy used as raw material; PENRT: Total use of Non-renewable Primary Energy; SM: Use of secondary raw materials; RSF: Use of renewable secondary fuels; NRSF: Use of non-renewable secondary fuels; FW: Net use of fresh water.

# **OUTPUT FLOWS AND WASTE PRODUCTION**

Impact category	Unit	Manufacturing	Distribution	Installation	Use	End of life	Total
HWD	kg	1.33E+00	7.42E-03	1.45E-03	2.06E-04	4.03E-02	1.38E+00
NHWD	kg	6.12E+01	1.58E-01	6.01E-01	6.98E-03	1.54E+00	6.36E+01
RWD	kg	3.80E-04	1.51E-06	1.34E-06	2.49E-08	4.55E-07	3.84E-04
CRU	kg	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00





MFR	kg	2.35E-01	1.03E-04	3.12E-01	3.87E-05	8.65E-02	6.34E-01
MER	kg	1.78E-05	3.24E-07	2.58E-07	2.39E-09	3.59E-08	1.84E-05
EE	MJ	2.12E-01	2.24E-03	1.32E-03	2.61E-05	1.25E-01	3.40E-01

HWV: Hazardous waste disposed; NHWD: Non-hazardous waste disposed; RWD: Radioactive waste disposed; CRU: Components for re-use; MFR: Materials for recycling; MER: Materials for energy recovery; EEE: Exported energy – electricity; EET: Exported energy – thermal energy.

# INVENTORY FLOW INDICATOR – OTHER INDICATORS

Impact category	Unit	Manufacturing	Distribution	Installation	Use	End of life	Total
Biogenic carbon content in product	Kg C	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
Biogenic carbon content in packaging	Kg C	1.78E-01	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	1.78E-01

# 6 CALCULATION RULES

According to reference PCR the main activities are listed and divided in the following stages:



This declaration is a cradle to grave EPD type, based on the application of Life Cycle Assessment (LCA) methodology to the whole life-cycle system. In the whole LCA model, infrastructures and production equipment are not considered.

Customized LCA questionnaires were used to gather primary data about all aspects of the production system (for example manufacturing processes consumptions and efficiencies, waste management), to provide a complete picture of the environmental burden of the system from raw materials supply to final products delivery.

Allocation occurs anytime a system is producing more than a single output. In this case it is necessary to choose a technique to proper split the environmental burdens among the output flows; international standards ISO 14040 and 14044 provide guidelines about how to deal with this issue, that have been implemented in this project as well. Physical allocation - based on total production amount - was adopted to consistently assign plant data (electricity for services, gas and fuel consumption, water supply, waste treatment) and electricity production process data to the product under study.





Below the sub-phases considered in the analysis are reported, per each life cycle stage:



## MANUFACTURING STAGE

- Elbow connector raw materials production
- Kit parts production
- Raw materials and kit components transportation to Gevrey plant
- Manufacturing processes from raw materials to semi-finished products at Gevrey plant
- Raw materials and kit components transportation to Ottobrunn plant
- Manufacturing processes from raw materials to semi-finished products at Ottobrunn plant
- Kit parts transportation to Szczecin plant
- Semi-finished product transportation from Gevrey and Ottobrunn to Szczecin plant
- Product kitting at Szczecin plant
- Szczecin, Gevrey and Ottobrunn plants services consumption
- Production of packaging materials for product delivery to customers
- Process waste transportation to treatment sites from Szczecin, Gevrey and Ottobrunn plants
- Treatment of process waste for Szczecin, Gevrey and Ottobrunn plants, according to indications provided by TE



# DISTRIBUTION STAGE

 Product delivery to final customer, considering a specific scenario of transportation to Oslo (Norway) by truck and ferry



# INSTALLATION STAGE 1

- Transportation of waste product packaging to treatment site (50 km assumption)
- Treatment of waste product packaging, according to Norwegian scenarios



## USE STAGE

• This module was assessed for the product under study; however, the impact was negligible, as there is no energy consumption during the use phase.



## **END-OF-LIFE STAGE**

- Transportation of decommissioned product to treatment site (50 km assumption)
- Treatment of decommissioned product<sup>2</sup>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The product on-site installation procedures were not considered in the LCA model, requiring no relevant inputs in terms of materials and energy.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> According to 2021 WEEE end-of-life scenarios, provided by Eurostat https://ec.europa.eu/eurostat/statistics\_-

\_explained/index.php?title=Waste\_statistics\_-\_electrical\_and\_electronic\_equipment





# 7 EXTRAPOLATION FACTORS

The environmental impacts for the other eight products covered by this PEP, which belong to the same product family as the reference product, can be derived from the reference product's results by applying proportionality rules based on the parameters listed in the following tables—one for each relevant life cycle stage. Since the installation phase involves only packaging waste treatment and is identical for all products, it does not vary. Similarly, the use phase does not vary, as energy consumption is negligible and consistent with the applicable Product Specific Rules (PSR) across all products. Therefore, extrapolation rules are provided only for the manufacturing, distribution, and end-of-life stages.

1.42 1.36	CSTO-5152- ML-7-17 2.91	CSTO-6132- ML-4-13	CSTI-4132- ML-4-13
1.36		2.24	1.80
	2.60		1.00
	2.00	2.06	1.68
0.98	0.60	0.74	0.89
2.42	5.64	2.46	2.37
1.12	1.50	0.60	0.53
1.10	1.51	0.68	0.59
1.19	1.91	1.21	0.97
1.14	1.71	0.99	0.81
1.21	1.94	1.22	1.01
1.05	1.98	2.73	1.98
0.91	0.93	0.15	0.14
1.37	2.65	2.14	1.74
1.59	3.37	2.49	2.12
1.43	2.39	1.58	1.52
0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
1.43	2.39	1.58	1.52
	2.42 1.12 1.10 1.19 1.14 1.21 1.05 0.91 1.37 1.59 1.43 0.00	2.42     5.64       1.12     1.50       1.10     1.51       1.19     1.91       1.14     1.71       1.21     1.94       1.05     1.98       0.91     0.93       1.37     2.65       1.59     3.37       1.43     2.39       0.00     0.00	2.42       5.64       2.46         1.12       1.50       0.60         1.10       1.51       0.68         1.19       1.91       1.21         1.14       1.71       0.99         1.21       1.94       1.22         1.05       1.98       2.73         0.91       0.93       0.15         1.37       2.65       2.14         1.59       3.37       2.49         1.43       2.39       1.58         0.00       0.00       0.00





PENRE	1.00	1.36	2.64	2.14	1.73
PENRM	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
PENRT	1.00	1.36	2.64	2.14	1.73
SM	1.00	1.03	1.83	1.74	0.57
RSF	1.00	1.00	0.77	0.89	0.95
NRSF	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
FW	1.00	1.54	3.16	2.36	1.99
HWD	1.00	1.65	3.17	1.39	1.40
NHWD	1.00	1.15	1.63	0.85	0.73
RWD	1.00	1.74	3.63	2.14	1.98
CRU	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
MFR	1.00	1.03	0.87	1.03	0.90
MER	1.00	1.05	1.44	1.03	0.77
EE	1.00	1.02	1.85	2.17	1.58

DISTRIBUTION STAGE						
Impact category	CSTO-5122- ML-1-13	CSTO-5132-ML-4- 13	CSTO-5152- ML-7-17	CSTO-6132- ML-4-13	CSTI-4132- ML-4-13	
GWP, t	1.00	1.25	2.49	9.26	6.43	
GWP, f	1.00	1.25	2.49	9.23	6.40	
GWP, b	1.00	1.25	2.47	9.27	6.42	
GWP, luluc	1.00	1.26	2.50	9.26	6.40	
AP	1.00	1.25	2.50	8.57	5.94	
EPf	1.00	1.25	2.48	9.27	6.41	





EPm	1.00	1.25	2.50	8.73	6.06
EPt	1.00	1.25	2.49	8.72	6.05
POCP	1.00	1.25	2.49	8.96	6.23
ODP	1.00	1.25	2.48	9.29	6.44
ADPe	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
ADPf	1.00	1.25	2.49	9.26	6.43
WDP	1.00	1.25	2.49	9.29	6.43
PERE	1.00	1.25	2.49	9.30	6.46
PERM	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
PERT	1.00	1.25	2.49	9.30	6.46
PENRE	1.00	1.25	2.49	9.26	6.43
PENRM	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
PENRT	1.00	1.25	2.49	9.26	6.43
SM	1.00	1.25	2.49	9.26	6.43
RSF	1.00	1.25	2.49	9.36	6.49
NRSF	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
FW	1.00	1.25	2.48	9.29	6.45
HWD	1.00	1.25	2.48	9.20	6.39
NHWD	1.00	1.25	2.48	9.30	6.46
RWD	1.00	1.25	2.48	9.27	6.45
CRU	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
MFR	1.00	1.25	2.50	5.53	3.84
MER	1.00	1.25	2.49	9.35	6.48
					-





EE 1.00 1.25 2.49 9.33 6.47

END-OF-LIFE STAGE					
Impact category	CSTO-5122- ML-1-13	CSTO-5132-ML-4- 13	CSTO-5152- ML-7-17	CSTO-6132- ML-4-13	CSTI-4132- ML-4-13
GWP, t	1.00	1.10	2.21	3.01	2.17
GWP, f	1.00	1.09	2.21	3.01	2.16
GWP, b	1.00	2.11	4.57	2.31	2.07
GWP, luluc	1.00	1.25	2.54	2.82	2.09
AP	1.00	1.23	2.51	2.89	2.14
EPf	1.00	1.23	2.50	2.87	2.11
EPm	1.00	1.23	2.52	2.88	2.13
EPt	1.00	1.24	2.52	2.90	2.14
POCP	1.00	1.25	2.56	2.87	2.12
ODP	1.00	1.27	2.59	2.80	2.09
ADPe	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
ADPf	1.00	1.30	2.66	2.76	2.07
WDP	1.00	1.12	2.26	3.00	2.16
PERE	1.00	1.21	2.45	2.88	2.11
PERM	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
PERT	1.00	1.21	2.45	2.88	2.11
PENRE	1.00	1.30	2.66	2.76	2.07
PENRM	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
PENRT	1.00	1.30	2.66	2.76	2.07
SM	1.00	1.98	4.25	2.35	2.05





RSF	1.00	1.26	2.55	2.81	2.09
NRSF	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
FW	1.00	1.12	2.27	2.98	2.15
HWD	1.00	1.10	2.22	3.00	2.17
NHWD	1.00	1.49	3.05	2.52	1.98
RWD	1.00	1.18	2.40	2.90	2.13
CRU	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
MFR	1.00	1.87	3.85	2.02	1.78
MER	1.00	1.27	2.59	2.79	2.08
EE	1.00	2.54	5.66	2.30	2.24